The Middletown Transcript

VOL. 47. NO. 29 MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1914 PRICE THREE CENTS

DISTROYED BY FIRE

Store and Residence at Taylors Bridge Consumed

WAS PARTIALLY INSURED

Taylors Bridge, was visited by a fearful fire about eight o'clock Saturday night when the old Abe Staats store and dwelling, now owned by John D. Stellar, was burned to the ground entailing a loss of between $4,000 and $5,000. The fire is believed to have been caused by a defective kitchen flue, some burning embers getting in between the floor and ceiling. Mr. and Mrs. Stellar and their five children were out in the neighborhood at the time and the store was in charge of the clerk, William Ragner. While he and a number of neighbors who are in the habit of congregating there, were discussing neighborhood and current topics of the day, they heard a crackling sound but thinking it was the wind, they gave no heed to it until smoke began pouring into the store. It was then too late to save the property. A bucket brigade was formed but to no avail. The property was doomed. Ragner with the assistance of his helpers succeeded in getting out a few pieces of furniture, but that was all. The contents of the house and store, including clothing and the wearing apparel of the family were completely consumed.

$200 IN CHECKS CONSUMED BY FIRE

In the excitement Ragner forgot the money drawer and books. Some $200 in checks, the purse of Mrs. Stellar containing $12 and the children's banks, were all burned up. Not only did it effect them personally but the public as well. Stellar's store was also the local postoffice and the flames in their onward rush burned the mail bags and contents of the postoffice, including many letters containing checks sent to pay farmers and fruit growers for their produce. Commission houses of Philadelphia, New York, etc., were at once notified. Clerk Ragner did succeed in getting $10 but owing to the smoke and fire, could not procure more.

BOOSTING FARMING IN MD.

Messrs C. S. Hurlock, William H. Cacy, Isaac Gibbs, J. F. M. Woodall and other well-known Kent County business men on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, believe there is a bright future in the development of the land by arranging for a colony of Bohemians. It is believed that these people, with their thrift and economy, will solve the labor problem. Already steps have been taken to purchase about two thousand acres around Massey, Md., which will be divided into ten and twenty acre plots and sold to men with families, who will develop and make of it a veritable garden. A farmer in a section elsewhere, which had been parceled out as is proposed, says: "Small farms have been, are and will be made profitable by men who do not aspire for big operations. Here they rear their children. From these few acres well tilled, will come the wherewith to feed, clothe and educate the family, fitting them for active service in life. What we need is not more teams and hand labor but more efficiency. If men would cut out the waste time and organize time and labor, the problem would soon be solved. Here is where the efforts of the leaders may well be directed, rather than to discouraging those who aspire after: "a little farm well tilled." Specialized work on small areas is one of the best rallying cries of the day. It is no get-rich-quick scheme, but he who follows a decided learning and stays, will soon find the open door to a life of comfort, plenty and satisfaction.—Kent News.

Half a Crop of Peaches

Conservative estimates have it that there will be only half the usual yield of peaches, and that the average will be about the same as last year. While this yield would be disappointing, if the prediction of the experts is fulfilled, growers are not losing patience and expect ultimately to be so successful in peach culture that a normal yield will be obtainable next year.

Dr. Horace N. Marvin, of the Delaware Produce Exchange, said he was confident there would only be half a crop. He said reports from various districts had assured him of it.

Dr. Marvin estimated that about 15 cars of peaches would be shipped from Dover and 150 from Wyoming.

It is estimated that 15 cars of apples have been shipped from Dover, while 200 carloads have gone north from Wyoming.

About 15 carloads of early apples have been shipped from here. Prices average from 50 to 75 cents a hamper.

The potato crop will be moved next week, and it is reported that the price will be about 85 cents a bushel.

Townsend Mechanics Elect

Townsend, July 14 — Townsend Council No. 11, Jr. O. U. A. M., has elected the following officers for the ensuing six months: Councillor W. Penn Wilson; vice-councillor, Roy Powell; assistant recording secretary, Frank Collins; conductor, J. C. Hollins; Warden, Frank Daniels; inside sentinel, C. C. Severson; outside sentinel, William Naylor; trustee, Walter Bolton.

FOR STATEWIDE PROHIBITION

A well attended non-partisan meeting of representative citizens of Kent county was held at Dover Wednesday afternoon in the Dover Century Club rooms, to discuss the temperance situation as it relates to the coming campaign in Delaware, more particularly in Kent county, and to try to secure men as candidates for the legislature who may favor State-wide prohibition by constitutional amendment.

Organization was affected by the election of the Rev. Dr. C. W. Prettyman of Smyrna as chairman and the Rev. J. M. L. Eckard, also of Smyrna, as secretary of the meeting. A general discussion was had as to arousing interest in each of the districts of Kent county and the best way to go about such a movement. A resolution was offered and adopted as follows:

"Resolved, That we favor a movement for State-wide Prohibition and to this end we desire the election of members to the Legislature who will favor and work for an amendment to the constitution of this State providing State wide prohibition of the liquor traffic.

"That we endorse the Anti-Saloon League in its organized form and we invited its co-opearation in our work. Signed: Milton McCann, John B. Hutton, T. C. Roe".

A committtee composed of John B. Hutton, Gamaliel Garrison, Senator William M. Hazel, Carl Hughes and George C. Hering, representing the five senatorial districts of Kent county, was appoi ted to effect an organization looking toward the Statewide prohibition movement.

Omitted Credit

In its story last week of the charming lawn fete given by the ladies of the New Century Club, the green reporter of The Transcript omitted by mistake the names of several ladies and gentlemen who aided in making it a superb success.

Besides those already mentioned, Mrs. Clarence Pool, of McDonough, Miss Mary Hutchins and Mrs. N. L. Beale, of Middletown, rendered valuable assistance in the affair, while Mr. Edwin Shallcross, of Philadelphia, made an exceptionally clever impersonation of the fierce African lion when skillfully put through his paces by his trainer Mr. Alfred C. Connellee of this place. We have properly censured our blundering news getter for his oversight, and warned him "not to let it occur again," and we trust it will not as The Transcript always wishes in all such cases, to do full justice to every one.

50 Bushels of Wheat to Acre

Smyrna is producing some wonderful wheat yields and though the continued wet weather has been much against threshing, a few have tried it out on some of their fields. Gilbert Pratt on his farm formerly the Mrs. W. E. Waters farm at the east end of Smyrna beats all records ever heard of in Smyrna. He has about finished the first field, known as the back field sown with Leap's Prolific Variety which averages him the astonishing result of 50 bushels to the acre and as some of his best wheat has not been threshed yet, there is reason to believe he will even exceed this average. At first many of our farmers were wanting to doubt this but figures don't lie. The field was particularly measured by a disinterested third party and the threshing machine of Mr. Reed told the indesputable result.—*Smyrna Times.*

Big Apple Shipments

DOVER. Del., July 16.—Large shipments of apples are being made daily from all points on the Delaware railroad in both Kent and Sussex counties with handsome returns to the growers. Messrs. H. Ridgely and S. Maxwell Harrington, two well-known Dover fruit growers, are shipping large quantities of apples each day and it is estimated that this year's apple crop will net them fully $12,000. The varieties now being shipped include Yellow Transparent, Early Ripe, Williams Early, Early Red and Stayton. Over 15 cars of apples have been shipped from Dover station within the past few days, while at Wyoming over 200 carloads have been shipped within a week.

Conservative estimates have it that there will be half of a peach crop for Kent county this year.

OBITUARY

VIRGINIA VERA LORE

Virginia Vera Lore daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William D. Lore aged 1 year and 11 months died on Thursday of Diptheria. Interment was made at Bethel Cemetery.

Card of Thanks

Through the columns of the Transcript, I desire to thank the Volunteer Hose Company and all my friends who helped in extinguishing the fire in my stable on Friday, July 10th.

L. V. Kirk.

HIDES WANTED—The highest cash prices paid for horse and cow hides.

W. C. JONES.

FRIENDS & VISITORS

Personal Items About People You See and Know

THOSE THAT COME AND GO

Mr. and Mrs. Bates are at Easton, Md., for a visit with relatives.

Mrs. E. D. Hearne, of Washington, D. C., is visiting friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Johnson are spending a week at Atlantic City, N. J.

Miss Estalena Derringer, of Chestertown, Md., visited friends here last week.

Miss Estelle Beaston was a recent visitor with friends at Chesapeake City Md.

Mrs. Charles Derrickson entertained her sister Miss Warren of Felton, last week.

Dr. and Mrs. D. W. Lewis returned on Thursday after spending a month at Atlantic City.

Mrs. Emerson Polk, of Pocomoke City, Md., is staying with Mrs. G. W. Naudain.

Miss May Beasten. of Baltimore, Md. is spending the summer months with relatives here.

Miss Mabel Geiselman has returned to Baltimore, Md., after a visit with Miss Blanche Deakyne.

Houston Naudain, of Baltimore, Md., visited his grandmother Mrs. S. E. Houston over last Sunday.

Mrs. Edward D. Hearne, of Washington, D. C., is staying with her sister Miss Mollie J. Wilson.

Miss May McFaul and Miss Annie D. Frame are the guests of Miss Jennie N. Frame, near Harbeson.

Mr. Harold L. Wilson after spending a months' vacation with his parents, has returned to Philadelphia.

Alfred C. Connellee has accepted a position with the Diamond Rubber Co., of Akron, Ohio and left on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Cochran and daughter, of Washington, D. C., visited Mr. and Mrs. Howard A. Pool this week.

Miss Lillian Anderson, of Riverside, N. J., has returned home after a few days visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Donovan.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Holten have their grand-daughters, Marion, Louise and Anna Frances, of Philadelphia, staying with them.

Mrs. H. C. Frame, of Millsboro, Del., returned to her home Tuesday after spending three weeks with her daughter Mrs. M. D. Wilson.

Mrs. William Sterling Evans, of Elkton, Md., was a recent visitor at the home of her father Mr. Jefferson B. Foard and wife.

Miss Jennie N. Frame who spent the winter and spring in Tampa, Fla., has been the guest of M. D. Wilson and family for several weeks.

Mrs. H. C. Frame and Mrs. M. D. Wilson spent part of last week with her sister and brother Miss Elizabeth B. Kolock and Dr. H. G. M. Kolock, of Newark.

Mr. George f. Erench, of Chicago, is visiting his sister and numerous old friends here. Mr. French left Middletown 40 years ago, and settled in the "windy city," and his Delaware friends are always delighted to have him as their guest.

Mrs. George Kohl's mother Mrs. Scott has returned to her home in New York state, after a visit of several months with Mr. and Mrs. Kohl. Mr. George Kohl Jr., has also returned to New York after a visit with his parents here.

Run away—Leg Fractured

We regret to learn of a painful accident to Mr. Geo rge Merritt, one of the best-known farme rs in this vicinity Wednesday afternoon, at the railroad station while unloading grain, his horses became frightened at the cars and started to run away. Mr. Merritt in his efforts to catch them grabbed hold of the wagon and was thrown under the wheels, his left leg being broken. Dr. Beale was summoned and rendered the sufferer assistance. We understand he is doing as well as could be expected, although suffering much pain.

Bethesda Church Notes

July 19th. 9.30 A. M. Brotherhood Devotional meeting. 10.30 A. m. Public worship with sermon, subject, "Christ in you the hope of glory."

2 P. M. Sunday School. Let the teacher aud scholars make it a point to be present.

6.45 P. M. Twilight service. 20 minute sermon—See Malach 3-16. The service is brief. Come and worship with us.

Rev. C. T. Wyatt has received nineteen of the probationers into full membership.

Record Catch Of Bass

Chief of Police Hilyard and Town Commissioner Charles W. Jones yesterday made a record catch of bass in Sassafras mill pond. They caught 14 two of which they put back. The 12 remaining weighed 36 pounds, an average of three pounds each. The largest weighed a trifle above six pounds.

WANTS COUNTY TO BID

Wilmington's army of unemployed may be offered employment with any contractor carrying on work in New Castle county if the suggestion of Levy Court Commissioner Burris, which he made at a meeting of the court Tuesday, is adopted. Mr. Burris made the suggestion that all local laborers should be employed on local contracts and he also asked if it would not be possible for the county to bid on its own work. He pointed out that the law specifically states that all contracts over $500 should be advertised for bids and awarded the lowest bidder and urged that the county should bid for these contracts as well as Pennsylvania and Maryland contractors in order that the unemployed of Wilmington might be employed. Mr. Burris asked that the thousands seeking employment here should be given the opportunity of working instead of permitting outside-of-the-city contractors importing labor.

It was urged by the commissioner that the matter should be placed in the hands of the court's attorney and if it were not possible to accomplish this end, that it should be taken up with the next Leislature in order that the county may bid on its own work.

Mr. Smith asked that no action be taken in the matter until everyone was thoroughly familiar with the subject and asked Mr. Burris what sort of work he meant to supply those without means of livelihood. Mr. Burris replied that some contracting work being done here included but few local laborers. He included the new public build ing in the projects he has in mind.

Mr. Fouracre announced that he was thoroughly in accord with the idea, but that under the law the county could not bid on contracts over $500.

He stated that it would be an excellent idea to consider the matter of specifications for all contracts to embody the clause that all local labor be employed instead of bringing great armies of workers here from other cities.

The matter was referred to the court's attorney to see what could be done.—*Every Evening*

WILL TEST LAW

That the effect of the Limited Shipping Bill passed ot the last session of the Legislature of Maryland, may be short lived is growing more apparent every day and this week it was understood that a concerted effort would be made throughout the shore to have the law tested. This movement is due, it is said, to a recent ruling of the Supreme Court of Delaware, which decided that the Haze! law, in force here, was perfectly constitutional and the Delaware imbibers could not buy whiskey from houses within the state. At the same time the court ruled that the Hazel law could not interfere with the Webb-Kenyon interstate shipping law, which allowed whiskey to be shipped from other states into Delaware.

It is understood that no effort will be made to pick a flaw in the Limited Shipping Bill, for many contend that it cannot conflict with the National law, or interstate Ruling, which allows whiskey houses in Delaware to ship to dry territories in Maryland.

Get Registered To-day

To-day (Saturday) is the first day for the registration of voters throughout the State. The Department of Elections has made all arrangements for the enrollment of voters. The other days are August 1 and 8, September 19 and October 17.

To vote at the party primaries it is necessary to register either in July or August.

The registration booths will be open from 8 to 12 o'clock and from 1 to 7 o'clock. Men to register must have been a resident of Delaware one year a resident of the county six months and the election district thirty days prior to election. Men who become 21 years of age by election day also are entitled to register.

President Wilson Ill

WASHINGTON, July 16.—President Wilson had a light attack of indigestion today and cancelled his engagements. He had arranged to hold two conferences with New York business men and was to have met many Representatives on patronage questions.

White House officials said the President's illness was not serious and probably would begin receiving callers again tomorrow. Dr. Carey T. Grayson, his naval aide and physician, advised the President to remain in the Executive Mansion all day. The President attended Secretary Lane's birthday dinner last night.

A Large Wheat Thresher

Harry Unruh, a young farmer, has purchased the largest wheat threshing outfit ever operated in this section. It consists of a 25-horse power engine and a 36-inch cylinder threshing machine and has a capacity of 3,000 bushels per day. It is now on the farm of James Carpenter who has the largest straw of any farmer in this section.

The farmers are anxious to see it work in this straw. It has been at Mr. Carpenter's for more than a week, but the frequent showers have prevented its being tried out.

SOLDIERS WILL HIKE

Delaware Troops to Arrive Here Tuesday Evening

GOVERNOR MILLER TO RIDE

Large crowds are expected to assemble in Middletown Tuesday, of next week when the First Infantry, Organized Militia of Delaware, will arrive here on the "hike".

Everything possible is being done to make the occasion a memorable one. It will be the first time in several years that the troops of the State have been massed during the summer. For Middletown folks who have been unable to visit the soldier boys at the summer encampments at Rehoboth and New Castle the "hike", with the daily stops at the various towns will provide that opportunity.

GOVERNOR MILLER TO MARCH

Governor Miller will lead the troops on the "hike" as commander-in-chief. It was announced that the Governor's enthusiasm over the regiment was responsible for the "hike" being made. The governor thought that the march would be of benefit to the men and that it would be an innovation.

The Governor will ride a charger, which he has selected in Wilmington. In addition to sharing the rigors of the march, the chief executive also will enjoy camp life as far as possible and will have a tent pitched for him each night.

BASE BALL AT ODESSA

The base ball fever has captured Middletown, and while the local ball tossers have not secured permanent grounds, they have played several games, and all of them have been fine contests.

On Wednesday they visited Odessa, and while they were defeated by the score of 8 to 7, the spectators claim it was one of the best games they have witnessed at "Corbit Park" this season. Without any grounds, without any team practice, the result was a surprise to Middletown base ball enthusiasts, and came near beating them. It was no "practice game" for the Odessa club, but made them fight harder than any game during the season. Up to the sixth inning the game stood 6 to 3 in favor of Middletown, with every prospects of victory, with swats that brought runs off Carrow, with Gray pitching winning ball, when overthrows from the infield allowed 4 runs for the Odessa boys. It was a good game, and most encouraging to the home players. A feature was the home run swat to deep left by Jones, in the third inning, driving in two runners ahead of him. The score by innings:

Middletown	2	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1—7
Odessa	1	0	0	2	0	4	1	0	x—8

Umpires—Pennington and Heldmyer.

While in conversation with one of our progressive business men last evening we were reliably informed that the local club would have grounds in a few days. This is good news for both the boys and lovers of the National game.

Good Wheat Yields

Only a few of our farmers have threshed their wheat crops, and judging from those who we have heard from, the crops seem to be running about 35 bushels to the acre.

Mr. Julian G. Cleaver reports from a field of 75 acres, 2600 bushels, or an average of about 34 and two thirds bushels to the acre.

Mr. Cleaver has 75 acres more to thresh. Mr. James H. Carpenter who resides on the William R. Cochran farm, is also threshing his crop and from one of his fields, received 36 and one-half bushels to the acre. Mr. Carpenter has considerable more to thresh, and may increase this yield.

Big Auto Ran Over His Head

Townsend, July 14:—Joseph Brice, who was seriously injured at Augustine Beach two weeks ago by an automobile striking him and two wheels passing over his head is reported to be steadily improving at the Delaware Hospital. At the time of the accident he was visiting friends in Townsend and had gone to the Beach to spend the day. Mr. Brice's home is in Wilmington, with his son-in-law, Julius Schunder and wife.

Memorial to McDonough

United States Senator Willard Saulsbury Thursday caused to be inserted in the Sunday Civil Appropriation Bill $250,000 for a memorial to Commodore MacDonough, Delaware's hero in the battle of Lake Champlain. Senator Saulsbury made an address on Mac Donough when he caused the bill to be amended allowlng the money for the memorial.

$3,000 Purse For Races

Horselovers of the State are evincing a keen interest over three days of racing which will be staged at Wawaset Park in Wilmington on July 21, 22 and 23. The big meet is being arranged by the Del. Horse Show Association and some of the fastest horses of the East will be raced. There are 10 events and a purse of $300 is offered for each. See advertisement in another column.

LOCAL NEWS

Trepass Cards for sale at this office.

The best steak, roasts, lamb and veal at W. C. JONES'.

Wagons and Dearborns for sale.
J. C. GREEN.

WANTED—BALED HAY AND STRAW. S. B. FOARD.

FRESH and SALT FISH at my store at all times. W. C. JONES.

Wagons and Dearborns for sale.
J. C. GREEN.

Dr. Warren S. P. Combs Dentist. Successor to the late Dr. J. C. Stites.

After June first, the Library hours will be—Tuesdays, 7 to 8.30 P. M.; Fridays, 7 to 8.30 P. M.; Saturdays, 3 to 5 P. M.

200,000 Celery and Cabbage Plants for sale. Also, Egg and Pepper Plants.
A. K. HOPKINS,
Lake street, Middletown.

We have stored 5-8 TRUCK and PEACH BASKETS for SALE in any QUANTITY. Phones 5, 41 and 48.
JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

HIGH GRADE LEHIGH COAL always in stock and under cover, guaranteed free from dirt.
Phones 5 and 48
JESSE L. SHEPHERD.

The farmers of Delaware are reaping a harvest from their onion crop. One farmer near Seaford, is clearing $140 per acre, while all the growers are getting from $1.50 to $2.00 per basket.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1914.—Public Sale of stock, farming implements, hogs, etc., by S. T. Othoson, on the road leading from Warwick to Sassafras, Md.

A horse and mule belonging to Edwin Wood, living on the J. K. Williams farm near Odessa, were struck by lightning during a storm on Sunday.

Unclaimed Letters—The following list of Letters remaining unclaimed in the Post Office, for week ending July 9th: Mrs. F. Buey M. Scrieder, Eugene Colmon, Willie Sonder.

Now is the time to have that summer suit cleaned and pressed. The highest class work only; also Panama and Felt hats cleaned.
ROBERT B. JONES.

The corner stone will be layed at Summit Bridge M. E. Church, Sunday, July 26, at 3 P. M. Dr. E. L. Hoffecker District Superintendent, Dr. H. T. Quigg, of Elkton, and others are expected.

LOST—REWARD—Lost on Wednesday morning either at Garage or on road to Massey, Md., a Black Sack Coat, with wallet containing papers but no money. Reward, if returned to this office or Burris' Garage.

Miss Anna E. Wilson having taken a years' course of Special Direction in Instrumental Music, at the Conference Academy this last school year, expects to give lessons to all children beginning in music this fall, at her home on Green street.

Child Labor Law Inspector Gibbons is making a tour of the State for the purpose of ascertaining whether the laws in regard to the employment of children are being complied with. Mr. Gibbons was in Middletown Thursday and visited the various business places.

Wheat threshing is in progress throughout the country, and so far as has been learned, the yield is satisfactory. The prospects for a good crop of wheat were never better than they have been this season, and while the weather, since cutting time, has been more or less unfavorable, the farmers are hustling to get the crop out and on the market.

In Philadelphia alone, one child was burned to death and about 200 injured as a result of the Fourth of July indulgence in dangerous explosives. Patriotism does not require such horrible sacrifices in times of peace. Perhaps not only Philadelphia, but other cities, will profit by the awful lessons and make different arrangements for celebrating the next Fourth.

Hard Weather For Farmers

The saying that "The weather never suits the farmer" is pretty nearly true this season. The early drouth, the worst in this section for years, cut the hay crop very short. Now at the time of cutting, it is almost impossible to get it cut and cured with any degree of satisfaction. Especially is this true of the clover hay. It is dead ripe and the daily rains is injuring the quality. Reports are being received, too, that wheat in the shock is sprouting. Several farmers are ready for threshing but unable to do so.

Democratic Co. Committee

A meeting of the Democratic County Committee was held Monday afternoon at the headquarters of the committee, 5 East Seventh street, Wilmington. Campaign plans were discussed and two primary dates were selected.

The committee selected August 22 as the date for the election of the delegates and September 5 as the date for nominating the county ticket. Reports were received from different parts of the county.

THE TRANSCRIPT $1.00 per Year.

JOY RIDERS FINED

Their Car Collided With a Cow and Was Damaged

WERE ARRESTED IN SMYRNA

A party of joy riders, two men and two women, claiming to be from Seaford created a furore in Middletown Monday night. They arrived here about 5 o'clock with a tire off the car and with three cases of beer in the tonneau. On the way to a garage they backed around and into an iron hitching post in front of Letherbury's hardware store. Leaving the car at the garage they paraded Main street with bottles of beer in their hands. They were refused accommodation at both hotels. Complaint was made to the chief of police, who was home at supper, but when he arrived downtown they had left, going down Broad street in their car at about 40 miles an hour. Chief Hilyard called up Chief Cochran at Smyrna and had the car stopped there. Chief Hilyard and Constable Dickinson went to Smyrna in a car and Thompson was turned over to them, but an angry mob surrounded the car and refused to let the party start. Then Thompson was arraigned before a magistrate and held in $300 bail for a hearing in Middletown to-day.

Near Blackbird, on the way to Smyrna, the joy riders hit a cow belonging to James Lippincott and killed it instantly, also damaging the radiator and headlights on the car.

THEY VISITED SMYRNA

SMYRNA, July 15.—Monday an automobile, containing two men and two women, some of the party being partially under the influence of intoxicating liquor, arrived here from Middletown. The occupants of the car were John W. Thompson, Leaned Hatfield, Edna Hatfield and one other woman, all hailing from Seaford. They had driven to Middletown during Monday.

Before they arrived at Smyrna, word was received here from Middletown to hold them up, as an officer was on his way down to arrest the party for fast driving on Middletown streets. The Middletown officer arrived and placed Thompson under arrest. Dr. W. T. Ryan of this town, as a friendly act to Thompson, demanded that he be given a hearing in Smyrna, rather than taken to Middletown. On being taken before Magistrate F. E. Postles, Thompson waived a hearing and gave bail in $1,000 for his appearance in Middletown within the next five days, Thomas Coverdale of this town becoming his surety.

Hatfield, on a charge of driving the car while under the influence of liquor, was required to pay fine and costs amounting to $17. After the excitement was over Dr. Ryan took the party to his home as his guests over night.

Dr. Ryan's actions being considered disorderly conduct, he was arraigned before Alderman Crow and a fine and costs imposed on him.

MASON AND DIXON LINE

President Wilson recently expressed the wish that the Mason and Dixon line be forever forgotten. In a letter to H. B. Joy of the Lincoln Highway Association, asking that the road run from Philadelphia to Gettysburg through Washington, the President suggested that it would be a good means of further obliterating sectional feeling between the North and the South. The President's letter was as follows:

"I am sure that the entire country is interested to see to it that there should no longer exist a North or a South in this absolutely united country, which we all love, and that the maginary Mason and Dixon line should be made once and for all a thing of the past, and as a small contribution to that end I earnestly sucgest that the Lincoln Association should grant permission to place the official Lincoln highway markers on the macadam roadway from Philadelphia to Washington through the properly selected streets of the latter city to the Lincoln monument and from there through Frederick, Md., to Gettysburg, I am reliably informed that this route is now or will be in the very near future a modern macadam roadway from Philadelphia to Gettysburg through Washington. The entire expense of the road, I am informed, including officially marking the highway, will be defrayed by local interests.

Cordially and respectfully yours, Woodrow Wilson.

Less Whisky, More Beer

Americans drank less whisky during the past twelve months than they did the year before, but they consumed more beer and smoked a great many more cigarettes.

Reports of the Internal Revenue Commissioner, made public Friday, showed that reports for the fiscal year just closed totaled $854,069 less than for the previous year, and most of this decline was due to the marked falling off in tax collected on distilled spirits.

Receipts from tobacco taxes show an approximate increase over last year of $2,800,000. This gain is due almost entirely to a phenomenal increase in the cigarette trade. The gain in receipt from fermented liquor beers, ale, and the like was about $860,000.

SCORES NEW HAVEN R. R. DIRECTORS

Interstate Commerce Commission's Report to Senate.

LOST ABOUT $90,000,000

The Story Of "Reckless and Profligate" Financial Operations Sent To the Senate—Directors Of the System Bitterly Scored.

Washington, D. C.—The story of the "reckless and profligate" financial operations of the New Haven Railroad, one of the most remarkable chapters in the history of American railroads and American finance, was revealed in part by the Interstate Commerce Commission in a report to the Senate of its investigation of that road.

"Criminal negligence," and "one of the most glaring instances of maladministration revealed in all the history of American railroading," were the terms the Interstate Commerce Commission employed in reporting on its investigation of New Haven Railroad financial affairs.

The Commission's conclusions may be summed up this way:

Losses to New Haven stockholders for the acts of their directors will range from $60,000,000 to $90,000,000. Suits to recover the money should lie in some cases.

Many of the transactions, characterized violations of the laws of New York, Rhode Island and Massachusetts and the Federal Anti-trust laws, have been reported to the authorities of the States and the Federal Department of Justice.

The depreciation of the Boston and Maine began when the "Mellen-Morgan-Rockefeller management" came into control.

John L. Billard and the Billard Company were merely agencies of the New Haven; Billard never used a dollar of his own money and burned his books.

"All the assets of the Billard Company belong to New Haven stockholders and a suit by the railroad against Billard and those who participated in the transactions should be maintained."

Dummy corporations and their use are condemned in unmeasured terms.

The system of interlocking directors is condemned as it existed on the New Haven and in general.

President Mellen's dealings with former Police Inspector Byrnes, of New York, in the Westchester Railroad transaction, were branded as "corrupt and unlawful."

The purchase of Rhode Island trolley lines and coastwise steamships were described as extravagant and wasteful.

All the transactions, the commission holds, were consummated with the object of setting up a complete transportation monopoly in New England in violation of the Federal statutes.

WARNS BLACK REPUBLICS.

Washington Will Put 700 Marines Within Striking Distance.

Washington, D. C.—Seven hundred marines were ordered assembled at Guantamo, Cuba, to be held in readiness for service in revolution torn Haiti and Santo Domingo.

The Navy Department acted at the request of Secretary Bryan, who asked the fleet be prepared to deal with any emergency which might arise on the turbulent little island. The marines will be gathered from those now on duty in Mexican waters and from the marine barracks in Philadelphia and Norfolk.

At Guantanamo the force will be only a day's sail from the north coast of Haiti and Santo Domingo, and their proximity is expected to impress upon the revolutionary leaders the determination of the American Government to terminate activities by forcible means unless they listen to the warnings already given.

LIGHTNING KILLS FAMILY OF 5.

Man, Wife and Children Sought Shelter Under Tree.

Fredericksburg, Va.—A single bolt of lightning killed an entire family in Orange county, Saturday.

Loos Moore, his wife and three children were the victims. They were picking berries in a field on their farm, near Locust Grove, and when the storm came up suddenly went for shelter under a nearby tree. All were killed when lightning struck the tree. The bodies were not found until some time later when a neighbor went to the home and, finding no one, began a search. The dead bodies of all were found under the tree in the field.

COLLIER WAS AT FAULT.

Wreck Commission Says Storstad Caused 1,000 Deaths.

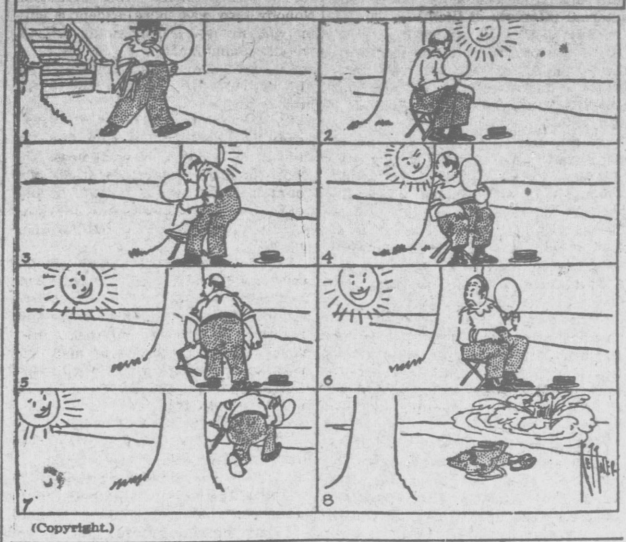
Quebec.—The collier Storstad is held to blame for the Empress of Ireland disaster in the findings of the wreck commission handed down Saturday. The commission holds that the disaster was due to the Storstad's change of course ordered by the third officer without instruction from the first officer, who was in charge of the collier at the time.

HANGED HERSELF ON BEDPOST.

Woman Used Apron As Noose To End Her Life.

York, Pa.—Mrs. Amanda Holtzapple, 45 years old, ended her life by hanging herself from a bedpost. The intense heat, it is believed, made her temporarily insane. She used an old apron to commit suicide, placing one end around the top of a bedpost and the other about her neck. She was found in a sitting posture by a daughter after being dead for more than an hour.

TODAY'S MOVIE



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PEACE RAINBOW RISES AGAIN

Dictator Huerta to Retire in Favor of Carbojal.

SO SOME DIPLOMATS HEAR

Huerta's Downfall Is Imminent and Inevitable—The Constitutionalists Are Now Solidified For the Final Struggle For the Mastery.

CARRANZA'S PLAN.

Saltillo, Mexico.—General Carranza, the Constitutionalist chief, issued a statement here reiterating his intention of carrying out the plan of Guadalupe.

He announced:

"I shall continue to struggle to establish peace throughout the republic as soon as possible and will immediately thereafter call elections which will result in the re-establishment of constitutional order in Mexico."

Washington, D. C.—A survey of the latest developments in Mexico has convinced officials of the Washington government and prominent diplomats that internal peace is near at hand. The appointment of Francisco Carbajal as minister of foreign affairs means the retirement of General Huerta in his favor as provisional president, according to messages from the Mexican capital to diplomats here.

The capture by the Constitutionalists of Guadalajara, within striking distance of the Mexican capital, has emphasized to the people in the territory controlled by Huerta that the military triumph of the revolution is inevitable. This is the tenor of the information which is reaching officials here along with the news that persons prominently identified with the Huerta government are quietly leaving the country with their families, fearing reprisals by the Constitutionalist forces.

Their Forces Solidified.

Composition of the differences between General Carranza and General Villa through the conferences at Torreon have solidified the Constitutionalists' military forces again, but those conversant with the inner details of the situation claim a much more beneficial result has ensued in that a program for the holding of honest elections and the carrying out of a series of reforms now has been drafted.

FLEW OVER 24 HOURS.

Reinhold Boehm Sets New Non-Stop Record.

Jahannisthal, Germany. — Reinhold Boehm, a German aviator using the same biplane as was employed by Landmann in making his non-stop flight of 21 hours and 49 minutes on June 28, Saturday made a new duration record of 24 hours and 12 minutes.

FOUR CHILDREN DIE IN FIRE.

Two Others Hurt As Farmhouse Is Destroyed.

Black River Falls, Wis.—Four of Richard Roberts' children lost their lives when fire destroyed the Roberts farm home near Taylor. Two children will recover. The origin of the fire is not known.

SIX KILLED BY LOCOMOTIVE.

Hits Wagon As Occupants Are Singing "Nearer, My God, To Thee."

Rochester, N. H.—Six persons returning from a Sunday-school picnic were killed when the buckboard wagon on which they were riding was hit by a freight train on the Boston and Maine Railroad. The party of 16 were singing "Nearer, My God, To Thee," as their wagon rumbled down the road toward the tracks and the voices drowned out the noise of the train.

EXPECTED END AT ANY TIME.

Friends and Associates Of Justice Deeply Grieved.

Washington, D. C.—The death of Associate Justice Horace Harlan Lurton, of the Supreme Court, at Atlantic City was received here with profound sorrow by the friends and associates of the Justice in Washington. The shock was tempered, however, by the knowledge that had been general for months that the Justice was a very ill man, and that the inevitable might be expected at any time.

TWO SISTERS SLAY BROTHER IN FIELD

Had Practiced Shooting at Mark Several Days.

TRAGEDY CAUSED BY WILL

Mother Had Left All Of Her Property To Son—Admit They Did the Shooting—One Faints, Other Shoots.

Sterling, Ill.—Mrs. Lee Hutton and Miss Lillian Byers, sisters, are held without bail for the grand jury, pending investigation of the killing of their brother, Emanuel Byers.

According to the story told by Byers as he was dying, partly corroborated by the admissions of the sisters, the women approached Byers as he was at work on his farm. They had been disputing earlier in the day in regard to the failure of Byers to call a physician to care for the aged father of the three.

"Mannie, we are going to kill you," one of the sisters is said to have remarked.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourselves to talk that way," was the brother's response.

One of the sisters then drew a revolver from the folds of her dress and opened fire on the brother. She fell, fainting, and her sister took the weapon and emptied it at the brother. He fell with four bullets in his body. Falling, he threw the pitchfork at the women, striking one of them in the face but not seriously injuring her.

The women made no effort to escape arrest and coolly stated that, while they were sorry they had killed the brother, he deserved it.

The Byers' mother died several months ago and left all her property to the son, cutting off the daughters. This caused much feeling, and officers believe it was in part responsible for the tragedy.

WESTINGHOUSE STRIKE ENDS.

About 8,000 Men and Women Return To Work.

Pittsburgh.—The strike in the Westinghouse factories was ended Monday, when approximately 8,000 men and women returned to the shops. All plants were placed on full time and all the strikers were taken back with the exception of two or three hundred, whose places had been filled by imported workmen during the strike.

KILLS MAN, SHOOTS HERSELF.

Pittsburgh Woman Thought To Have Been Jealous.

Pittsburgh.—Mrs. Mamie Sullivan forced her way into the residence of Frank McDonough, in Dannon street, while he was dressing, and shot him dead. She then shot herself, inflicting what hospital doctors said would prove a fatal wound. Mrs. Sullivan was a widow. The police attribute the crime to jealousy.

"BILLY" BAXTER IS DEAD.

Famous Old-Time Minstrel Had Sung Before Royalty.

Chicago.—"Billy" Baxter, old-time minstrel, who had played with nearly all of the leading minstrel companies of America and who had appeared before royal families of Europe with his banjo, died at a hospital here of cirrhosis of the liver.

COMES TO SEE PANAMA CANAL.

Former French Director-General Returns To Look At Work.

New York.—Philippe Bunau-Varilla, the French engineer, who was director-general of the old French Panama Canal, arrived here from Paris on his way to Panama. Mr. Bunau-Varilla said it will be 30 years next October since he first went to Panama and that the purpose of his visit was to inspect the work and see a ship pass through the locks.

WOMEN TO RUN NEWSPAPER.

San Francisco Publication Will Back Democrats In Campaign.

San Francisco.—A new daily newspaper, owned, managed and circulated by women, is expected to make its first appearance here within a few days to serve the interest of the Democratic party in the coming State campaign. At present the contract calls for publication only during the life of the campaign, 100 days, but it is hoped by the promoters to make the paper permanent.

BUSINESS VOTE ON TRUST BILLS

National Chamber of Commerce Gives Result of Wide Poll.

36 STATES IN THE QUIZ

Opposes Attempt To Stop Discrimination—Prohibition Of Interlocking Directorates Of Corporations Is Strongly Indorsed.

Washington, D. C.—Results of a referendum on the trust bills pending in Congress, conducted by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States among its constituent members, were announced here at headquarters of the Chamber.

Some organizations declined to vote, giving as their reason that they regarded such legislation unnecessary at this time.

Business organizations in 36 States, casting a total vote of 559, recorded their views.

Adverse Vote Heavy.

The vote against attempts by statute to forbid discriminations in prices of commodities was 531 to 22.

That a proposal to compel persons controlling the product of mines to sell to all applicants "you may be responsible" is wrong in principle and unworkable in practice was voted 527 to 32.

That there should not be statutory prohibition of conditions accompanying sales and leases to the effect that buyers or lessees cannot handle or use the productions of competitors was voted 514 to 35.

That final decree in an equity suit brought by the Government, which establishes the existence or the non-existence of restraint of trade or of a monopoly should be conclusive evidence as to the same general fact in private actions brought against the same defendants under the anti-trust laws was voted 484 to 62.

That interlocking of directors among competitive business corporations, including railroads, should be prohibited regardless of the size of corporations, if elimination of competition among the corporations in question would constitute a violation of the Sherman act, was voted 491 to 41.

Opposes Interlocking Boards.

That interlocking of officers and directors between railroads and industrial concerns with which they transact any substantial volume of business should be prohibited except in such instances as the Interstate Commerce Commission may determine are not detrimental to the public interest, was voted 494 to 33.

That there should be legislation in a form which would not pronounce illegal existing situations but would authorize the Interstate Commerce Commission upon finding a detriment to the public interest in any interlocking to order that to be terminated, was voted 320 to 42.

That problems involved in preventing concentration of credit should be referred for investigation and recommendation to the Federal Reserve Board or some other competent body, was voted 440 to 43.

Opposes Control Of Issues.

That corporate ownership of stock directly or indirectly of competitor corporations should be prohibited if elimination of competition among the corporations in question would constitute a violation of the Sherman act, except in such instances as the Interstate Trade Commission, or the Interstate Commerce Commission, in the case of railroads, may determine are not detrimental to the public interest, was voted 432 to 75.

That there should not be an attempt to regulate the shares of stock issues by corporations engaged in interstate commerce, was voted 445 to 74.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS IN BRIEF

Mrs. Pankhurst Out.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant suffragette leader, who was arrested on July 8 at the offices of the Woman's Social and Political Union, was again released from Holloway Jail Saturday.

Coal Men Near Peace.—Another important step toward complete agreement between Ohio coal operators and miners was taken when miners' representatives, in convention at Columbus, ratified the proposed agreement for a scale of 67.6 on pick-mined coal.

Julius Rodenberg Dead.—Professor Julius Rodenberg, the German poet and author, died in Berlin in his eighty-fourth year.

New Orleans Plague In Check.—Surgeon-General Blue and other officers of the Public Health Service have assured Secretary McAdoo that the bubonic plague infection is well under control at New Orleans and the situation there is not a menace to international shipping.

Coal Operator Dead.—George B. Markle, son of the late George B. Markle, a pioneer anthracite coal operator, and brother of John and Alvan Markle, of Hazleton, Pa., died at the State Hospital, where he had been a patient for three weeks.

BOMB FIRED IN ROSLYN CHAPEL.

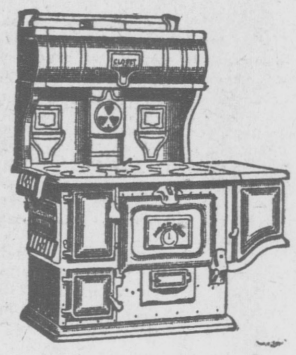
Suffragettes Attempt Destruction Of Historic Edifice.

Edinburgh, Scotland.—A militant suffragette bomb exploded in the historic Roslyn Chapel, near Edinburgh, but caused only trifling damage. The chapel was founded in 1446 by William St. Clair, third Earl of Arkney and Lord of Roslyn, and is probably the finest specimen of Gothic architecture in Scotland. In the vaults were buried all the old Barons of Roslyn in complete armor.

J. F. McWhorter & Son

STOVES

STOVES STOVES



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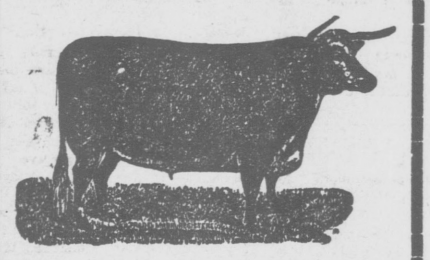

"IT PAYS TO USE THEM"

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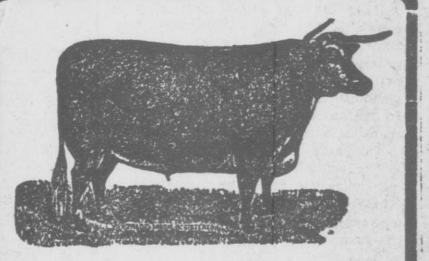

The Middletown Transcript

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Lard Presses
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STOVES
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Varnishes

Redgrave Bros.
Middletown, Del.

ANNE IVES: MASCOT

H. M. EGBERT

ILLUSTRATIONS BY O. IRWIN MYERS

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SYNOPSIS.

Anne Ives, mascot by reputation, starts from Winnipeg for London to attend the coronation of King George. Her father had come to America following a quarrel with his father, Comte d'Yves of France. Anne's father, at his death, left her a key to a strong box containing bonds of the defunct French Panama Canal company. The box is in the vaults of Magniff & Co., Paris bankers. On the steamer Anne meets the dissolute son of Magniff, who, not knowing her identity, tells her of a scheme to get hold of the canal bonds and extort money from Magniff. Anne volunteers to go as a passenger with a French contestant at an aviation meet in London. The Frenchman wins, but disappears without disclosing his identity. She meets him again in the crowd at Westminster abbey and accompanies him to the coronation. She learns that he is her cousin, Chevalier d'Yves, and that his companion is her grandfather, Compte d'Yves. Sharing her father's hate for the family, Anne abruptly leaves the abbey. She loses her purse, and borrows money to go to Paris. On the way she meets an official of the aviation meet who, thinking her the wife of the winner, forces on her the prize of 500 pounds. She learns that Banker Magniff is extremely bitter against her grandfather and holds a mortgage on the ancestral home. Magniff tells her a new key must be made for the box. He induces her to sign an agreement to sell him the bonds for 50,000 francs. Young Magniff returns Anne's purse, but disclaims all knowledge of the key to the strong box. The chevalier and his grandfather call on Anne regarding important diplomatic papers which were stolen from the chevalier in London. Anne, in her indignation at being suspected, discloses her identity and the comte takes her to his arms. The chevalier declares his love and finds that it is reciprocated.

CHAPTER VI—Continued.

"But they shall not," I repeated, frowning. "Charles, you know I am a mascot. All my friends have told me that. Did I not bring luck to you as a passenger in the machine? And didn't I get Estelle Christie inside the abbey to see the coronation? I say that Clichy shall never fall into Magniff's hands. Why, has it withstood seven seiges by the English and two by Burgundy, not to speak of countless gallant defenses in olden times against Frenchmen themselves; in the wars of the Fronde, against the Huguenots, against Henry of Navarre and Richelieu, even that it should succumb now to a paltry mortgage?

"Bravo," said Charles, clapping his hands. "Your eyes flash fire, dear Anne. If they were mortars and used in our defense, I warrant Clichy should never go under."

"Mock me as you please," I answered, a little petulantly, "Clichy shall be saved, or I will never be called mascot again."

Thursday came, the last day accorded us, and the interest was as far off as ever. It was a sad gathering that morning at the breakfast table. Everything was packed, and we were to remove to the little cottage at Rambouillet owned by the comte's daughter, where they hoped to find a precarious existence for a while on a few thousand francs that remained of her dowry.

"It will last us a year, Anne," said the comte grimly. "And then—well, I am not likely to see the next. And Charles can take care of his mother somehow."

I could not restrain a sob. "But my money from Magniff!" I cried. "You must take it; I can earn my own living in future, as in the past. On that you can live decently, at least."

The comte smiled sadly.

"We'll talk of that when the time comes, Anne," he answered. "At least we are not yet dispossessed."

"Nor shall be," I replied defiantly. "Does not the law give three days' grace to us?"

"Three days or thirty," answered the chevalier, "it is all one to us now."

And while we still sat talking over our plans, we saw a smartly fitted dog-cart turn up the drive and there descended—Leopold Magniff, Jr.!

I confess that I was thoroughly unnerved at the sight of this man. I had never believed that he would dare to cross my path again. The memory of my threats which he had made on the occasion of our last interview recurred to me and afflcted me with a presentment of overwhelming horror.

He came in jauntily, bowing to all of us, an affectation of regretful humility hardly concealing an air of obvious triumph. The comte and the chevalier arose grimly and stood confronting him, like two statues of stone.

"Monsieur," said our visitors, addressing each alternately, and becoming disconcerted as neither appeared to recognize his remarks, but merely stood to receive him—"monsieur, it is with deep regret that I come to receive the interest upon my father's mortgage or, in default, to take possession of the chateau."

Then at last the comte spoke, and each word seemed wrenched from the fibers of his heart.

"We cannot meet the interest. The chateau is at your disposal."

"Stop!" I cried. "The law allows three days of grace, I believe."

Magniff turned toward me and bowed sneeringly.

"Quite so, mademoiselle," he answered. "But it permits me to take possession immediately pending this period."

The old comte touched a bell and Jean Casseroy, the ancient butler, entered. "Take this gentleman to his apartment," he said. "Obey his orders and make him comfortable. The library will be at his disposal."

Magniff, thoroughly disconcerted, stood glowering at the comte, uncertain whether to bluster or to accept this most distant hospitality. And, then, with a most charming courteousness of which, I am sure, I should never have been capable, the chevalier's mother arose.

"I shall see to it that your sheets are aired, monsieur," she said, smiling as though he were the most welcome guest. "The grounds are at your disposal; pray make yourself master here."

Magniff swung on his heel and strode sullenly out of the room in the wake of the old servitor.

You may as well leave tomorrow, Anne," said my grandfather. "Every moment spent here now is a humiliation."

I took him by the arm and patted his trembling hand. I knew that the departure from Clichy would quickly snap the thread of his still vigorous life. Though I no longer hoped for rescue, I was resolved that we should hold out to the uttermost.

"Grandfather," I said, "when Richelieu invested Castle Clichy and the last ounce of powder had been fired, the last atom of provision gone, Clichy did not surrender. And, at the last instant, rescue came. Let us fight to the uttermost. Let us remain till Sunday."

A dull fire gleamed in the old comte's eyes.

"You are quite right, my dear," he answered. "What do you say, Charles?"

"She is right," answered the chevalier. "It was a woman like you, Anne, who inspired our ancient defenders, as you inspire us today."

Friday came, then Saturday. But a bare four-and-twenty hours remained. Magniff had not ventured to leave his apartment during the period that had elapsed, but on the morning of the last day but one I encountered him in the grounds. I think he had been watching for me.

"Wait a moment, mademoiselle," he exclaimed, as I made to hasten past him. "A moment only. Will you not believe me when I say how profoundly I regret the part I have to play? Let me assure you, I have no enmity against your grandfather."

"Then why are you here—how did you dare come here?" I asked indignantly.

"It was to see you," he answered. "Now do not go, mademoiselle. I knew that you had met your relatives and become reconciled and gone to reside with them. Meanwhile, my father and I have become reconciled, also. And nothing would content him but that I should assume this odious role of

"And I Believe You Did, Liar and Thief," I Cried.

bailiff. He wished me to keep you under surveillance."

"Oh, that was unnecessary," I retorted. "Nor does it seem probable, since he refused to see me when I called at the bank, nor deigned to answer the letter I wrote him. And, besides, in less than a week, I am due at his office to receive payment for my bonds. Oh, I assure you he is not so vitally concerned about me."

Magniff stepped up close to me and every atom of sincerity left his face.

"Miss Ives," he said bluntly, "you are living in a fool's paradise. Believe me, you are on the verge of complete ruin, and so is the chevalier. No, do not look so disdainful, for assuredly you will come to a realization of that fact unless you accept my proposal. He will not lose Clichy alone; he will lose his liberty, perhaps his life. The loss of his estate will be as nothing in comparison with the shame that will be his, that will send down his grandfather into an unhallowed grave." He bent his face until it almost touched mine, and hissed in my ear:

"He sold the treaty!"

"Impossible!" I cried, starting from him.

"Improbable to the uttermost, but true," Magniff rejoined. "I told you on the occasion of our last encounter certain things derogatory to his character. You refused to hear me. Listen now! He has a reputation for wildness second to none in Paris. It was to pay his gambling debts, debts which he had concealed from his grandfather from very shame, that he sold the draft of the Anglo-French treaty to the triple alliance. Doubtless he has accused me."

"And I believe you did, liar and thief," I cried.

He only laughed.

"If you persist in your refusal to see things as they are, Miss Ives," he said with intense earnestness, "then I must abandon you to your fate. I only warn you that the net of evidence has been woven around him. He cannot escape it. His arrest is imminent. Only you yourself can save him. Say the word that will avail, and I will see to it that the vital evidence is missing, that he remains unscathed. Marry me!"

"Never!" I cried. "I loathe you and despise you."

"I am unfortunately aware of that," he answered. "Nevertheless, you shall have the completest liberty. Until I win your love I shall never molest you. You will be free to come and to go; I only ask you to go through the form of the ceremony with me."

"You may plead forever," I answered, "but you will waste your breath. I do not believe a word of your concoction of falsehoods, and, if I did, I would not marry you."

"Not to save Clichy?"

"How—how—?" I stammered.

"Marry me and, on the day of the ceremony—as soon as the union has been pronounced—I will present your grandfather with a full and free release."

"You will induce your father to forego his revenge?" I cried. "You lack the power monsieur. Not for a thousand worlds would he be balked now, after these years of scheming."

"He must," answered Leopold. "I have him in my power. He knows it; that is why he made terms with me."

"How?"

"Because I hold your bonds," he answered. "You know their value now."

"They are his; I have sold them."

"Anne," said by persecutor, "we are wasting words. Can I never convince you? Listen! Give me your solemn promise to marry me and, on the morning of the ceremony I will restore Clichy to your grandfather. And the chevalier shall go free."

"Wait—wait!" I cried desperately, trying to pierce the tangled net of cunning that surrounded me. "Give me until tomorrow to make my decision."

Suddenly he seized my hand.

"O, Anne, be wise," he cried. "I love you; I worship you; you are the one woman I have loved out of all who have come into my life. You can redeem me with your goodness. Marry me and I swear to heaven that I will adore you, I will be your slave. I will consecrate my life to you. I love you Anne."

And falling at my feet, he poured forth a more impassioned plea to me. It was impossible to mistake the sincerity of his passion; I could not but recognize that in this, at least, he was not base. I turned away and left him kneeling in the path.

In the hallway I met Charles. I feared that he would see my agitated face, but his own was so distressed that I feared that the greatest of sorrows must have come to him.

"The comte!" I gasped; and then I noticed that in one hand he held a can of kerosene.

"My monoplane," he answered wildly. "I am going to burn her, Anne. She shall never fall into his clutches, she who bore us aloft that splendid day—"

"I took the can from him. "Wait until tomorrow, Charles," I whispered. "Much may happen by then."

I left him standing irresolute and went up to my room and sat down in a chair. I did not weep. My brain was in a whirl, and a thousand thoughts and doubts oppressed me. Magniff's threats, his infamous suggestions as to the honor of my fiance, the imminent loss of Clichy—all this presented aspects and I strove dimly to pierce to the heart of the problem which confronted me.

If I married Magniff, Clichy would at least be saved. That seemed the chief consideration. My happiness—that of Charles, even, was nothing compared to the preservation of the old home that had withstood so many vicissitudes. Other women, braver than I, had sacrificed themselves in the past for Chateau Clichy. Then why not I, even though I should kill myself afterwards?

Then, in the midst of these cogitations there flashed into my mind, in the most incongruous way, the memory of Mr. Spratt.

Angrily I sought to free myself from this recollection. What had this little Winnipeg teacher to do with my present troubles? He was the last, the very last and least thought that should come to me. But my mind wandered, and again I seemed to see him bidding me a timid farewell upon the Winnipeg platform. "My great work, Miss Ives," he panted, offering me the code. "The work of many years. Take it; you will need it in France." His odious little rabbit-like face rose up so plainly in my mind's eye that I seemed to visualize him in the room, and I pressed my fingers hard upon my eyelids in a fruitless effort to dismiss him.

I rose at last, still miserably uncertain. My suitcase lay packed upon the bureau and, opening it idly, I caught sight of that wretched gift of Mr. Spratt to me. I raised it; an envelope fell from beneath the paper cover. I opened it—and recoiled with a suppressed scream.

Five bank-notes, of the value of one hundred pounds apiece, fluttered upon the floor. Five hundred pounds! Twenty-five hundred dollars, twelve thousand five hundred francs! The interest upon the mortgage!

It was the prize money that Charles had won that day in England when he made his aeroplane flight with me, which the secretary of the aviation meet, obstinately assuming me to be his wife, had thrust into my hands that evening of our chance encounter at Charing Cross station. I had put the money away in Mr. Spratt's book and wholly forgotten it.

I think I must have gone mad with joy, for I ran down the stairs, waving the money wildly, shouting incoherently. On the way down I encountered Charles. I shook the bank-notes into his face and rushed on past him. The comte and his daughter were in the drawing room and came out as I descended; I waved the money at them and ran on into the library. Magniff was there, seated in an arm chair,

"Go! Never Let Me See You Again."

reading a newspaper. As I entered he rose and came toward me, a light of triumph in his eyes.

"You have come to accept, Anne, he cried.

"I have come to pay your blood fee," I cried wildly, and flung the notes down on the table. "Take these and go. Go! Never let me see you again. You understand?" I babbled on. "Go! Go!"

Then everything swam around me. The old comte caught me from behind and supported me as I fell fainting into his arms.

CHAPTER VII.

The Stolen Treaty.

(Magniff lays down his hand, and I find his cards stacked.)

At last the day arrived on which the safe containing my bonds was to be opened. My bonds, I say—well, hardly mine, since I had blindly sold them to the banker for a paltry $10,000, not knowing their value to him, when I might have utilized his need of them to force Magniff to release my grandfather from his mortgage. I reflected with some bitterness upon my folly. Still, even $10,000 was not to be despised. That would enable my grandfather to meet his interest and thus retain Clichy for at least two years, during which period much might occur.

As to the future of myself and Charles I dared not think. Marriage was out of the question under the present circumstances. Every penny that could be scraped together had gone to pay the interest on that miserable mortgage, and in three months more the interest must again be met.

"We shall be driven to giving exhibitions in our monoplane for a bare living, sun-goddess," said Charles to me, gaily. I could not re-echo my fiance's mirth. Since the loss or theft of the treaty draft Charles had been suspended from his office in the diplomatic service of France. I feared, too, that suspicion had fallen on him. He had no other source of income than his meager pay as captain in an infantry regiment, from which he had been detached for special service of the state.

Despite the fact that, in accordance with my agreement with the financier, I was to receive $10,000 upon the safe being opened, I arose on the appointed morning after a restless night, overwhelmed with misgivings. Empty and vain as they appeared to be, I could not but recall Leopold Magniff's threats, his self-confident assurances that the chevalier and I stood on the brink of ruin. What schemes had he prepared for us? What might he not have done, being in possession of my key, as I felt sure he was? I voiced my fears at the breakfast table, but Charles laughed them away. Much as he hated us, he argued, Leopold Magniff would hardly dare utilize his possession of my key to remove the bonds from the safe, since they could not be negotiated, and he would merely be placing himself within the grasp of the law.

"You will find the bonds in the safe, Anne," said Charles optimistically. "Or, rather, we shall."

"You will come with me?" I cried, and all my fears and doubts immediately resolved themselves.

We asked advice of my grandfather, who cordially approved of the chevalier's suggestion. "For you see," he said, "our little Anne came to us in such an unexpected fashion that she is liable to disappear, perhaps in the guise of some beneficent fairy, after having saved Clichy to us, if we permit her to go to Paris alone."

"Never fear that you will lose me, until you are tired of me, grandfather," I answered.

The old comte had changed considably during the brief period that I had known him. His great age—eighty-four, appeared to have begun at length to manifest itself. Not that his vigor of mind or body was in any manner impaired, but I could discern that he had begun to detach himself, with that natural change which comes upon the very old, from the more active and external interests of life.

I believe that in my coming he beheld a pardon for his crime in driving my father from his roof—a crime which he had repented bitterly through all those years that had elapsed since that unhappy time.

Charles and I set off for Paris by an early train. We traveled through the pleasant, fertile fields of Normandy, among little old villages where life seemed at once so simple and so kindly that it required some little effort of will to realize that we were, perhaps, rushing into an unknown danger, that the activities of many enemies might even now have laid a trap for our undoing. I had revealed to my fiance the story of Magniff's threats, omitting, of course, his vile suggestions that Charles had been a traitor and sold the treaty. Charles did not receive the news so lightly as I had expected.

"Let us go straight ahead, confident in our own integrity, Anne," he answered. "Then let them do their worst. They cannot harm us; treachery always recoils upon itself, be it never so cunningly contrived."

We were so fortunate as to have a compartment to ourselves. It was so charming to be seated together, side by side. Charles placed his arm round me and drew me to him.

"Will you let me announce our engagement, Anne?" he pleaded. "It is surely realized at home. My grandfather and mother know we love one another. Besides, if any danger does threaten us, I can protect you better as my wife."

"You travel very rapidly, monsieur," I answered. "A moment ago it was merely an announcement of the engagement that you required. And now you end the sentence by proposing another relationship."

"When we reach Paris I shall show you the office of a registrar," he answered. "There we shall be formally betrothed. And then—"

"Yes, monsieur?" I said, with feigned coolness.

"I shall serve formal notice upon my mother and grandfather of our betrothal, in accordance with the provisions of the Code Napoleon," he answered.

I had listened with beating heart to the unfolding of these proposals, but the mention of the code brought instantly to my memory the image of little Mr. Spratt, presenting me with his famous code. "Take this volume . . . my life-work . . . a compiliation of love . . . you will need it abroad," the little man had gasped as handed it to me. And now in every crisis of my life, it seemed, the vision of Mr. Spratt was destined to arise like some specter confronting me. I became suddenly silent.

Charles carried out his program. Upon our arrival at the terminus he hurried me along a maze of small side streets, up a narrow staircase and into the presence of the registrar. There we complied with the formalities which the famous code prescribed. We were betrothed—an incident, merely, in Anglo-Saxon countries, but here a matter of severe formality, and necessary preliminary to a marriage.

But I leaned happily upon his arm as we descended the narrow staircase. The happiness, the perfect joy in the irrevocability of the step, thrilled me. Winnipeg seemed like a distant memory of some former, dimly remembered existence at that moment.

"And now, should anything befall me I shall be content," he said as we descended to the street.

Often those words recurred to me afterwards.

We arrived at the bank and sent in our cards. I could not avoid a thrill of expectation as to the outcome; would Magniff refuse to see me? But he did not. He would see both of us, he said, and we were ushered almost immediately into his private office. There he sat, half buried among his ledgers, as on the occasion of my former visit to him; but this time he was attended by a couple of severe-looking functionaries in semi-uniform. He bowed distantly to Charles and bade us be seated.

"The Chevalier d'Yves attends, I take it, as an interested party," said Magniff, looking at me through his gold glasses. There was a peculiar expression upon his features; a sort of cunning triumph, as though he held the situation perfectly in hand.

We bowed our acknowledgment to the suggestion. Then, at a summons by bell, a messenger brought in the agreement which I had signed three weeks before.

"Your name is Anne Ives," Magniff said rapidly, glancing over the document. "You claim to be the granddaughter of the Comte d'Yves, of Clichy, Normandy, and the possessor of certain bonds now in one of our safes. You have sold these to me for 50,000 francs, payable upon delivery."

As I admitted each of these several propositions the banker handed the document to the functionaries, who glanced at it, swiftly, and then at me and Charles.

"The dpulicate key has been fashioned," Magniff continued, "and these gentlemen are the government officials whose presence at the unlocking of the safe is required under the Code Napoleon."

The pale and studious face of little Mr. Spratt stood out before my eyes with startling clearness.

"Then let us proceed to the vaults," said Magniff, and we all rose and followed him. The functionaries closed in around us in a significant manner, almost as though we were prisoners, I thought, and as though the vaults were destined to be our dungeon.

We proceeded by a subterranean stone stairway into the depths of the earth, emerging through an iron doorway into a huge room, lighted by electric light, around which innumerable safety compartments were arranged. Nobody else was there, except a janitor who stood at a door at the far end, which communicated by a flight of steps, with the street outside. Magniff led us to the safe and handed the key to me.

"It has not been opened for thirty years," he said. "You may find the hinges stiffened. Nevertheless the Code Napoleon prescribes that you yourself shall open it. If it is beyond your power, doubtless, the chevalier will hold your fingers. But he must not unlock the safe."

I made no answer, but stepped forward and fitted the key into the lock, turning it until I obtained the combination. The functionaries, apparently inspired by intense interest, drew close, one on each side of me. The heavy door swung open easily. Inside the safe I saw a bundle of papers. My hand shook so, from excitement, that I could barely lay hold of them.

"Observe! Her hand trembles, Gaston!" I heard one of the officials say to the other in a stage whisper.

I drew the papers from their resting place and handed them to Magniff.

"Pray examine these, and, if you find that they are made out correctly, complete the contract," I said.

"You again claim, before these gentlemen," said the banker, "that these are your own Panama bonds?"

"Indubitably," I answered.

Magniff signaled to the officials, and they came up to me. He glanced at the papers and began to shuffle them rapidly. One sheet became detached and fluttered to the ground. It was a doubled piece of notepaper, such as used anywhere for correspondence, and it was covered with minute writing. Suddenly Charles darted forward.

"The treaty!" he exclaimed, and grasped for it.

One of the officials stooped; his hands met those of my fiance. As they rose I heard something click. The chevalier was handcuffed!

The second man stepped up to him and touched him on the shoulder.

"Charles Victor Sebastian, Chevalier d'Yves," he said. "I arrest you for espionage and theft of a secret government document."

Charles was too stupefied to attempt resistance, even if the thought had entered his head. I stared from one to the other of the group, still mystified. I had not yet fully comprehended. Magniff whispered to the second man and he came to my side.

"Mademoiselle Anne Ives," he said, "I arrest you for complicity in the theft of a government document, and also for attempting to obtain money by the sale of worthless forged bonds."

Magniff nodded his head. "A very clumsy forgery," he said. He turned to me. "It grieves me, mademoiselle, to have to place you under arrest," he continued. "I hoped that at the last moment you would not have the audacity to carry out this scheme. Remember, pray, that I warned you upon the occasion of our former interview, what would be the inevitable consequences should you persist in this attempt of yours to extort money

The Chevalier Was Handcuffed.

from me. Had I alone been concerned," he concluded, "I should have permitted you to go unscathed. But I have my duty as a Frenchman. When I discovered that this trick of yours was part of a wider scheme to defraud and betray France, that you had actually concealed the stolen document in this safe of yours, thinking to hide it when you removed the forged bonds, then my patriotism arose and forced me into action."

"Oh, spare your patriotism," I returned, cold with humiliation and anger. "No, let him do his worst," I continued, seeing that Charles was upon the point of springing to my side. "It is the last baffled scheme of a desperate trickster."

"Bravo, Anne," said Charles, clapping his manacled hands. At the hollow chink of the steel, the words of anger died on my lips. For the first time I realized that Leopold Magniff's nets had closed round us. He had fulfilled his threats.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

A Guinea Garden.

Those who have heard words spoken so carelessly that their real meaning must remain a matter of conjecture will sympathize with the Italian mother in one of the Brooklyn settlements where a kindergarten is flourishing.

She reached the building early one morning, and with a distinct grievance in face and voice confronted the kindergartner:

"Why!" she demanded, "why you no call this a school? Why you call him a guinea garden?"

HANDICAP OF THE TROPICS

These Forests Frequently Cannot Be Cleared in the Short Dry Season That Prevails.

In the true tropical forest, agriculture is practically out of the question, writes Ellsworth Huntington in the Tale Review. Even for the white man it is difficult to clear the ground, and for the sluggish son of the tropics it is almost impossible. Not that he cannot cut the trees, although this is a slow process where the huge trunks throw out buttresses five to ten feet in radius, but that having cut them he cannot dispose of them. The primary reason for the existence of the genuine tropical forest is that rain falls abundantly at practically all seasons. There may be, and usually is, a short dry season when the sun is farthest from the zenith. Nevertheless, even at this time the drought is not absolute. When the trees are felled the only way of getting rid of them is by burning. Under the ardent tropical sun most trees will become dry enough to burn in two or three weeks. If they do not become ready to burn during the dry season, it is useless to think of such a thing later. They will rot away, to be sure, and disappear within a few seasons, but this is of little use, for meanwhile a new growth has quickly sprouted. In the tropical rain forests, bushes will grow to a height of ten or twenty feet in a single year. Indeed, in the short space of two months so much heritage will spring up that a piece of forest which has been cut cannot be burned, even though the trees have become dry.

This is no theory, but actual fact. In the spring of 1913, in a part of Guatemala, where the forest is by no means of the densest kind and where a considerable number of coffee plantations exist, I saw this happen. The trees had been cut, but so many showers fell during the nominal dry season that the branches did not become dry enough to burn and consequently many people were unable to plant crops.

Business.

The rival moving picture magnates stood on the corner and watched the hurrying stream of men, women and children, each one capable of squandering an indefinite number of five-cent pieces upon the movies.

"What a stroke of business it would have been, Sam," said the tall magnate to the fat one, "what a smashing stroke if there had been somebody to take a film when God created the world!"

Possibly Had Happened to Him.

Farmer Yapp—"What kind uv a picture wuz this here lost 'Moana Liza,' anyway?" The Village Oracle—"A small portrait of a woman." Farmer Yapp—"Humph! I'll bet ye that some one of them fresh travelin' crayon picture agents hypnertized the caretaker or the janitor inter lettin' him take it away with him to have it enlarged."—Puck.

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(INCORPORATED)

LONG DISTANCE 'PHONE NO. 37.

Entered at the PostOffice as second-class matter

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., JULY 18, 1914

THAT CORRUPTION TALK

EVERY EVENING implies that without an available corruption fund the Republican party could not carry Delaware. Our neighbor has had so much to say about corruption that we are inclined to think it almost believes that there would be no Republican party in the state were it not for a so-called corruption fund. We have admitted that money has been illegally used in the past by the Republican party in the state but we do not think that the Republican party would be stripped of its fighting qualities if it had no money to expend for otber than legitimate purposes.

For some years past the Democrats have controlled the prosecuting machinery of the state. If, for instance, during the last campaign the Republicans employed a huge corruption fund, it is strange that so alert and vigilant an attorney general as Mr. Wolcott, aided by a corps of deputies familiar with politics in the state, did not unearth the violations of the law and bring the offenders to justice. Certainly if there had been widespread violations there would have been numerous prosecutions. Mr. Wolcott either neglected his duties, was unable to get evidence or there was not a wholesale and illegal employment of money. We do not for a moment think that Mr. Wolcott neglected his duty, and the conclusion therefore is reasonable that there were no flagrant fractures of the law.

Under adverse circumstances for Republicans, with the Democratic party militantly aggressive, with the Republicans handicapped by having a national committeeman whose loyalty to the nominee of the party for President was questioned, with a split in the Republican party caused by the formation of the Progressive, and with a bunch of friends of the national committeeman trying to make a bad situation worse by attempting to sandbag the legitimately nominated candidate for Congress, the Democrats crawled through on their state ticket by a trifling majority.

Is it not reasonable to suppose that with the situation for the Republicans this year much better than it was during the last compaign that the Republicans, under aggressive and united and sensible leadership, would have far more than an even chance of winning? —*Morning News.*

JAILS NOT NEEDED

THE perfect community has been found at last, and it is located, of all places in the world, in Kansas. It exists under the picturesque designation of Olathe, and one of its most eminent citizens is former Goy. John P, St. John, the man "who dried up Kansas" in 1880, and who will be more generally recalled as a one time Prohibition party candidate for President of the United States. Grape juice is the strongest beverage that is dispensed in Olathe; the town drunkard died many many years ago, and the town jail has been rented out as a garage, because no one breaks the law in Olathe, and for that reason there are no prisoners to put under lock and key. Boys are not allowed to smoke cigarettes, the curfew rings promply at 9 o'clock and on Sunday everything is closed except the 16 churches. It is said that even these are not needed by the citizens, but are used to convert sinners from neighboring town. There may be other unknown paradise located in some other part of the country that will compare with Olathe, but we doubt it.

THE CAUSE

INEFFICIENCY is one of the prime causes of the high cost of living. If you pay a man 20 cents an hour for his work, and he loafs away two hours a day, which may do, you actually pay him $2.00 for $1.80 worth of work. And then to make up the loss you charge the 20 cents to somebody else, and he passes over the debit to other people. Thus one faithless man spreads wide the loss, while everybody recoups by charging him more for his goods and for his time. While shiftless work may make a demand for more work, it is at the expense of everybody else, including the worker. This is plain as a practical matter, but as a moral question it is easily discernible. Inefficiency is dishonest, and dishonesty is costly. If a man is paid for work which he doesn't do, there is a loss that the man himself must make good in some way. He may not pay back that day, but he will some day in some way, or God doesn't run this world. If a man wastes the time for which he is paid, and thinks he makes by it, he is a fool.

ROBBERS IN DELAWARE CITY

DELAWARE CITY, Del., July 13.—Sometime during last night three houses on Fifth street were entered by some unknown thieves. Entrance was effected in the same way in all three houses, and it is thought that the robber or robbers were after money, as in two houses they did not take anything, but seemed to be after money.

Entrance was effected to the home of Arthur W. Hope, either through the cellar or a back window. It is probable that the latter means was used as there was a screen in this window and the entrance could have been made easily. No one in the house heard anyone during the night, as only the first floor was hunted over by the intruders. Money, to the amount of $5 was obtained from a desk and sideboard, on the first floor, a grey sweater, rain coat, coat, pair of shoes and class pin belonging to Mr. Hope's son was also taken. This pin had "D. C. H. S., '14" on it, while on the back of it were the initials A. H

The robbers left a good coat, which had been worn by the intruders. This coat, which was of a dark color, and of good material, was somewhat spotted. It is thought that an attempt was made to take a pair of boots hanging in the cellar-way, but seeing that they were too heavy they were dropped. This house is located on Fifth street, near Clinton street.

The home of Benjamin F. Eisenberger was next entered. Entrance was effected through the cellar. Nothing has been missed, but it is thought that the thieves were also after money here, as they rummaged through a number of places in an effort to locate money. No one in the house heard any noise, while the thieves were in the house. This house is located next to the home of Thomas J. Whiteman, which is on the corner Fifth and Clinton streets, and which was also entered. Entrance was gained in this house through a back window. Nothing was taken and it is thought that the thieves were also after money in this house.

Constable William F. Oakes was notified immediately of the robberies and started on a hunt for the guilty parties. There are several clues that he is working on, and he hopes to make an arrest in a short time.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Republican State Committee was held Monday afternoon, at the Young Men's Republican Club, 810 King street. The meeting was presided over by State Chairman Edmund Mitchell and was attended by practically every member of the Republican State Committee.

The primary object of the meeting was the selection of dates for the Republican State Convention. August 29 was selected as the date for the holding of the Republican State Convention which meets in Dover, and at which candidates for Congressman, State Treasurer and State Auditor will be nominated and a new state committee will be elected.

The chairman of the state committee was instructed to confer with the Democratic state chairman, in the event that the date selected for the Republican primaries conflicted with the date selected by the Democrats for the Democratic primaries in Kent and Sussex counties, and was empowered to select other dates for those two counties.

The meeting took no action regarding the selection of a member of the Republican National Committee from Delaware.

HURT BY OWN ENGINE

Denward W. Campbell, 604 East Twenty-secone street, a firemen on the Pennsylvania Railroad, fell from a shifting engine in the yard at Seafard Monday morning and was run over by his own engine, the left leg being cut off above the knee. He was placed on the train, arriving in Wilmington at 11.19 o'clock and was taken to the Delaware Hospital, where his leg was amputated.

Campbell was standing on the front of an engine of the old Cambridge and Seaford Railroad, now a branch of the Delaware Railroad, oiling a valve while the engine was running to clear the track for an approaching passenger train. In some manner he missed his footing and fell in front of the moving engine. The engineer saw the accident and made an effort to stop the engine but was unable to do so before Campbell had been run over.

The injured man was taken to the passenger depot and Dr. W. F. Haines and Dr. H. B. Manning were summoned. After stopping the flow of blood and administering stimulants they ordered the man taken to the hospital on a train then leaving the station. He was brought to Wilmington and taken to the Delaware Hospital. At latest reports he is declared to be out of danger.

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Trot, 3-Year-Old ..... Purse $300.00
2.25 Trot ..... Purse $300.00
2.20 Pace ..... Purse $300.00

THURSDAY, JULY 23d

2.11 Pace ..... Purse $300.00
2.20 Trot ..... Purse $300.00
2.14 Trot ..... Purse $300.00
2.17 Trot ..... Purse $300.00

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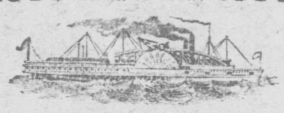

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Thursday, 9,	11.00am	Friday, 10, 6.30pm
Monday, 13,	12.30pm	Tuesday, 14, 11.00am
Thursday, 16,	2.00pm	Friday, 17, No Boat
Monday, 20,	No Boat	Tuesday, 21, 3.00pm
Thursday, 23,	7.30pm	Friday, 24, 5.30pm
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Thursday, 30,	1.30pm	Friday, 31, 12.30pm

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ESTATE OF JEANETTE WILSON, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of Jeanette Wilson, late of Appoquinimink Hundred, deceased were duly granted unto Serick S. Wilson and William Penn Wilson on the 11th day of June A. D. 1914 and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make payment to the Executors without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Executors on or before the 11th day of June A. D. 1915 or abide by the law in this behalf.

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WILLIAM PENN WILSON
Executors.

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MIDDLETOWN, - - DELAWARE

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In the battle of life victory goes to the best prepared. Get a business education and you'll win position, promotion and independence. It's a fortification against failure.

Goldey College

courses in Commercial, Shorthand and Secretarial training have qualified thousands for success. They will do the same for YOU

Graduates assisted to obtain positions.

Our catalog gives details. Ask for YOUR copy to-day.

GOLDEY COLLEGE, Box 424 Wilmington, Del.

The Transcript $1.00

Your Clothes Expectations Are Realized at This Store

A superb showing of all the new styles in men's and young men's clothes tailored as you would wish them—of fabrics that represent maximum style and service is now ready for you to see and benefit by.

The snappy swing to every line in young men's suits, the graceful soft roll of the suit coat collars and the masterful designing are only a few of the interesting features.

In more conservative garments for older men our very comprehensive stock affords ample opportunity to find just what you want. Whatever your tastes you can find here now just the suit that will please you in every way.

Summer Suits $12.50 to $15.00

Extra Special Values at $25.00

Remember when you come to this store we do not urge you to buy—simply compare the values, the styles, the prices you find here with those you find elsewhere. Then your own good judgment will tell you where it's best to buy.

Hats It's not alone the better quality of our hats that will please you, but the way we fit each man's face as well as his head that makes our hats so popular. $1.00 to $3.50.

THE GLOBE CLOTHING STORE

S. M. ROSENBERG, Prop.

Middletown, - - - Delaware

SPECIAL ONE-DAY EXCURSIONS

OCEAN CITY, MD.

Thursdays, July 30, August 13 and 27

ROUND $1.50 TRIP

SPECIAL THROUGH TRAIN

REHOBOTH, DEL.

From Middletown, Del.

Thursday, July 23, August 6 and 20

ROUND $1.50 TRIP

SPECIAL THROUGH TRAIN

ATLANTIC CITY

Tuesdays August 11 and 25

ROUND $2.00 TRIP

SPECIAL THROUGH TRAIN

Tickets Good Only on Special Train in Each Direction

For leaving time of Special Through Trains from all stations, Consult Hand Bills at Stations, or Ticket Agents

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

CURRENT PRICES

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. B. FOARD.

Wheat—No. 2	$ .78	Corn—	
No. 1		Yellow, shelled	72
Timothy Seed		" cob	72
Clover Seed		Oats	60

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY W. T. CONNELLEE

Eggs, per doz	20@24
Country Butter, per lb	26@33
Creamery Butter, per lb	38
Lard, per lb	12@16
Live Chickens, per lb	12@16
Potatoes	40@1.50

MIDDLETOWN, DEL., JULY 18. 1914

THE SCHOOL AND HOME

To emphasize the need of proper home education and the relation of the school to the home will be the main object of the fourth meeting of the International Congress on Home Education, to be held in Philadelphia in September next. This conference will be one of the most important of the year, and will bring together educators and representatives of organizations interested in home training and the welfare of children from all parts of the world. Delegates from nearly every European country already have been appointed; delegations up to this time, and representatives from all the large cities are expected. The first meeting of the Congress, held at Liege in 1905, under the patronage of the Belguim government, was attended by 1,200 delegates, representing 20 nations; the second was held in Mllan, Italy, in 1906, and the third in Brussels in 1910, when the delegates numbered more than 3,000. The Philadelphia Congress will be held during the week of September 22.

The association between the home and the school in the matter of education of children should be much closer and more consistent and effective than it has been in the past. Efforts in the direction of enlarging and strengthening this association should be attended with results that would be of enormous benefit in both directions—increasing the interest and co-operation of the home and the efficiency of the schools. The educational system is largely affected by the twin evils of home indifferences. In some instances the parents have to practically attend to the instruction of their children, the teachers doing nothing beyond giving out and hearing the lessons. In many other instances—far too many—parents leave the matter to entirely to the schools, without interest of concern.

Hearty co-operation is needed, and when brought about to the desired extent will produce improvement and reform all around. The results will be a better, a sounder and a more thorough development of children, together with continual improvement in educational methods. The congress to be held in Philadelphia no doubt will impart great impetus to the work.

SALOON WORRIES SHERIFF

CRISFIELD, Md., July 14.—Sheriff Elwood Sterling stated a campaign against whiskey sellers, which has led to the arrest of William Nelson and George W. Smith, both white men of Crisfield, charged with maintaining a floating barroom. Writs have been issued for a number of other alleged violators, and the sheriff and his deputies are on the trails of all suspected by the authorities.

Blind tigers have always flourished in Crisfield, more or less and at every session of court this city furnishes a number of whiskey cases. Since the enactment of the anti-shipping law, the form of violations have turned from the blind tiger to floating saloons on gasoline and sail boats, which secured their supply at various points in Virginia.

Complaints have reached the officials that vessels of various sizes were tying up along the waterfront and dispensing beer and whiskey to every thirsty one who applied for relief. One complaint was made against the gasoline vessel owned and operated by Captain George W. Smith, in campany with William Nelson, this vessell being spoken of among the wise ones as the "Titanic." It was claimed that the "Titanic" secured a full cargo of beer and whiskey from Baltimore or points on the Western Shore two or three times a week, and returning to Crisfield, tied up at one of the local docks and operated in full blast.

After securing evidence against the proprietors of the "Titanic", Sheriff Sterling had writs issued for Nelson and Smith, and their arrest followed on Saturday.

At a hearing before Justice John W. Nock yesterday, Nelson pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to one year in the House of Correction. Smith proved that while he owned and operated the vessel he did not sell any of the liquor, and was therefore discharged. Other arrests for violation of the local option law are expected daily.

Woman's College Catalogue

The first catalogue of the Woman's College of Delaware, containing imformation relative to courses of study, list of commissioners, names of the board of trustees and faculty and other imformation, has just been issued. Hereafter it will be published quarterly.

The courses are: Arts and science, a four-year course, leading to the degree bachelor of science in education; the course in home economics, a four-year course, leading to the degree bachelor of science in home economics; and a two-year course in education or home economics, leading to a certificate but not to a degree.

English and American literature, composition, history, political science, economics, oratory, mathematics, physics, chemistry, geology, farm management, and home economics will be included in the various courses.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST CHOLERA

Under the recently passed act of Congress, which grants $500,000 to combat hog cholera, department agents will cooperate closely with the State authorities to prevent and eradicate the disease by the use of anti-hog-cholera serum and quarantine methods. Approximately $20,000 will be spent during the coming year in each experimental area selected. Thirteen of the counties, where the work is to be carried on, have been picked out, and in 12 of these the work has already been started. Two other counties are to be selected within a short time. The 12 counties selected for the present campaign, where the work has actually been begun, are as follows:

STATE	COUNTY
Idaho	Twin Falls district.
Illinois	Kankakee.
Indiana	Montgomery.
Iowa	Dallas.
Kansas	Marshall.
Kentucky	Henderson.
Michigan	Branch.
Minnesota	Renville.
Missouri	Pettis.
Nebraska	Gage and Johnson.
Ohio	Allen.
Tennesseee	Maury.

The thirteenth county, where the work will soon be inaugurated, is Decatur County, in Georgia.

Appropriations will be spent in making surveys, using serum on hogs on infected and exposed farms, in sanitation and quarantine work, and in organizing farmers to cooperate with the State and Federal authorities. In addition funds will be used for the production by the department of anti-hog-cholera serum and for the inspection and proper control of serum prepared by private and other agencies.

Extension demonstration and educational work also will be undertaken in a territory outside of experimental areas to acquaint farmers with the results of the experiments and to supply them with information as to the methods of controlling the disease.

METHOD OF PROCEDURE

The method of procedure in the actual areas where the demonstration work will be conducted is as follows:

1. Education.—Assemblages of farmers to be arranged in each school district of each experimental area. The objects sought and methods of procedure will be explained and full information given regarding the nature, cause and prevention of hog cholera. Further educational work is to be carrried on through the distribution of publications and through personal interviews with farmers.

2. Orgaization of farmers.—This organization will be made up as follows:

A leader for each township and nine associates will be selected. Each associate will have assigned to him an area of about four sections for survey. The men in this organization will serve as volunteers without salary, and they will keep the United States inspector in charge advised concerning the conditions in the county and will also aid in securing the required statistics of the hog industry.

3. Survey.—A complete survey will be made to determine the number of hogs raised and the number lost from hog cholera prior to beginning the work and during each year thereafter during the life of the project.

4. Sanitation and quarantine.—This will comprise the regulation of shipment of hogs into and out of the experimental area, the regulation of shipments within the area, the quarantine of infected places, destruction of dead animals, cleaning and disinfection of railroad chutes, pens and unloading places, etc.

5. Immunization and treatment with anti-hog-cholera serum.—Serum to be applied to hogs on infected farms and on exposed farms by the United States inspectors in such manner as they may deem necessary.

6. Serum production.—All anti-hog-cholera serum required is to be produced and supplied by the Bureau of Animal Industry, provided that in the event of the inability of that bureau to produce sufficient serum the several States will supply the deficiency in so far as possible without cost to the United States Department of Agriculture.

SUSSEX CO. AFTER GOOD ROADS

GEORGETOWN, Del., July 15.—That the residents of Sussex county are becoming enthusiastic over the construction of good roads is evidenced by the formation of good roads association in the different towns of the county. At the present time Laurel has a hustling association with a large membership, and now a move is under way for a county association.

The first move for a county organization assumed tangible shape here Saturday afternoon when about fifteen of the most enthusiastic good roads citizens of Sussex met here in the office of Andrew Marvel, and talked over the best methods to pursue in order that good roads may prevail in all sections of the county.

The meeting showed that in every town and section of Sussex county the residents are thoroughly aroused to the miserable condition of the highways and that they are determined to better them if possible.

The meeting had for its purpose the presentation of bills at the next session of the legislature for passage which will make provisions for the building of good roads in all sections.

This is the initial step for the formation of the good roads association for the county, and within a short time another meeting will be held here to which all persons who are interested in good roads will be invited to attend and express their ideas as to the best methods to employ at the minimum cost.

Among some of those who are greatly interested in the good roads movement and were present at the meeting here were:

William E. Vallient, William Cooke, Levy Courtman Howard P. Ward, of Laurel; Lorenzo B. Cannon, George Eddy, Harry Brown, Seaford; William Sirman, Delmar; former Comptroller George H. Hall and Ruby R. Vail, Milford; James M. Tunnell, Landreth L. Layton, Esq., Georgetown; County Engineer Morgan T. Gum, Frankford.

A RECORD WHEAT CROP

The wheat crop now being harvested in this country, according to estimates of the Department of Agricultural, will amount to 930,000,000 bushels. This crop, for size, will break all records. The corn crop also is large, sizing up about 2,868,000,000 bushels.

Thus nature is apparently doing her best to restore entire prosperity to our country. All of the year's crops thus far harvested and marketed were unusually remunerative, while those to come are most promising. The earth is yielding "its fullness" generously to the work of man.

The only trouble, the "fly in the ointment," is the sitting of Congress and the threat of legislation to come will not be as bad as was at first promised is assure l, as the Senate has not only heard from the country but is yielding to the forceful protests of the people; but until the end is reached the uncertainty will continue, and from this uncertainty business will suffer. Congress cannot act too quickly.

Peaches and Apples

The prospect for an excellent crop of both peaches and apples over the entire Peninsula is fine. Early apples of the Yellow Transparent variety have already begun moving. The quality is fine and there is a great demand for them. These will be followed with such varieties as Fourth of July, Early ripe, Red Atrachan, Williams' Early Red, and later in the year the Wealthy. Carman peaches will begin moving about July 20, followed by Belle of Georgia, Elberta and Crawford's Late. which are the varieties most largely planted.

Harrisons' nurseries at Berlin, Md., again have a bumper crop in their orchard, from which last season was picked more than 40,000 baskets.

The Harrisons' have this year planted 15,000 peach trees and 25,000 apple trees in commercial orchards.

Eats For Soldiers While on Hike

Some idea of the amount of food required for Delaware's soldiers during their week's practice march down the State, which will begin on Saturday, July 18, may be obtained by reading the following list of edibles which will be supplied for them:

Bread (for two days) 1,365 lbs.; beans, 480 lbs; rice, 320 lbs; white potatoes, (for 2 days) 1,113 lbs; onions, 500 lbs; canned tomatoes, 12 cases; coffee, 320 lbs; sugar, 1,300 lbs; salt, 240 lbs; pepper, 8 bags; vinegar, 5 gallons; prunes, 400 lbs; fish meat (for 3 days) 1,150 lbs; bacon, 812 lbs; butter, (for 3 days) 108 lbs; lard (for 1 day) 45 lbs; eggs (for 3 days) 117 dozen; milk, 16 dozen 14-ounce cans. It will take 100 pounds of Ivory soap to keep the soldiers clean.

The march will end at Milford.

Sheriff's Sales

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware,

ON SATURDAY,
THE 18TH DAY OF JULY 1914,
at 10 o'clock, a. m ,

the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the said city of New Castle, County and State aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at point on the Southeast side of Third street (formerly Orange street) at the distance of One Hundred and Forty-two feet and four inches northeasterly from the intersection of Harmony street with Third street, at a corner for lands now or formerly of Alfred Betts; thence with said Third street northeasterly twenty-five feet and two inches to a corner for another lot of said Alfred Betts; thence with said Betts's land southeasterly one hundred and thirty-five feet to a line of a lot of William White; thence thereby southwesterly twenty-five feet two inches to a line of the first mention land of Alfred Betts; thence thereby northwesterly one hundred and thirty-five feet to the said side of Third street and place of beginning.

Be the contents thereof what they may, with a two story brick store and dwelling thereon erected.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of George D. Williams, Administrator of George Williams, deceased mortgagor, who survived his wife, Amanda P. Williams, deceased co-mortgagor, and to be sold by

WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., July 1, 1914.

SHERIFF'S SALE—BY VIRTUE OF a writ of Levai Facias, to me directed will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, on Market street, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, in the city of Wilmington, New Castle county, Delaware,

ON SATURDAY,
THE 18TH DAY OF JULY, 1914,
at 10 o'clock, a. m.,

the following described Real Estate, viz:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the two story brick dwelling house thereon erected, situate in the City of Wilmington aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the Westerly side of duPont street at the distance of Twenty-eight feet and two inches Northerly from the Northerly side of Conrad street, thence Westerly, parallel with Conrad street and passing through the middle of the party wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the South, seventy-nine feet to the Easterly side of a three feet wide alley extending parallel with duPont street aud opening into Conrad street; thence Northerly along said alley side and parallel with duPont street fourteen feet to a point; thence Easterly, parallel with Conrad street passing through the middle of the party wall between the house on this lot and the house on the lot adjoining on the North, seventy-nine feet to the aforesaid Westerly side of duPont street; thence thereby Southerly fourteen feet to the place of beginning, be the contents thereof what they may. Together with the use of said alley in common with others entitled thereto forever.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Edward J. Conner, and to be sold by

WALTER S. BURRIS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Wilmington, Del., July 1, 1914.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS —OF— St. Georges Hundred

The taxable residents of St. Georges Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1913 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be at

AT MY RESIDENCE, IN ODESSA
WEDNESDAY, JULY 22th, 1914
From 7 to 12 A. M.

AT R. S. CARPENTER'S STORE, IN PORT PENN,
SATURDAY, JULY 25th, 1914
From 9 to 11 A. M.

A. G. COX'S OFFICE, MIDDLETOWN
SATURDAY, JULY 25th, 1914
From 2 to 5 o'clock P. M.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

GEORGE E. RHODES,
Collector of Taxes for St. Georges Hundred

NOTICETO TAXPAYERS —OF— APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED

The taxable residents of Appoquinimink Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1913 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be

AT THE OFFICE OF GEORGE M. D. HART,
IN TOWNSEND, DEL.,
EVERY MONDAY,
During JULY, 1914,
From 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 30, VOLUME 21, LAWS OF DELAWARE, AS AMENDED:

Section 3—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

N. W. VANHORN,
Collector of Taxes for Appoquinimink Hundred

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS —OF— Blackbird Hundred!

The taxable residents of Blackbird Hundred, and all persons liable to pay tax in said Hundred, are hereby notified that the Taxes for the year 1913 are now due, and the undersigned Tax Collector for said Hundred, will be

AT BLACKBIRD,
SATURDAY, JULY 25th, 1914
From 1 to 3 P. M.

AT FLEMMING'S LANDING,
MONDAY, JULY 27th, 1914
From 1 to 3 P. M.

Tax bills can be obtained by making personal application to the Collector, or by sending written communication enclosing stamps.

EXTRACT FROM THE LAWS OF DELAWARE, GOVERNING THE COLLECTION OF TAXES OF NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

Section 3—That on all taxes paid before the first day of October there shall be an abatement of five per centum. On all taxes paid before the first day of December there shall be an abatement of three per centum. On all taxes paid during the month of December there shall be no abatement whatever. And on all taxes unpaid on the first day of January there shall be added one per centum per month until the same shall be paid.

HARRY S WOODKEEPER,
Collector of Taxes for Blackbird Hundred

Fly Nets
Fly Wire
Hammacks
and Coolers
Lap Dusters
Horse Covers
Screen Doors
Refrigerators
Lawn Mowers
Window Screens
The New Boss Oil Cook Stove is the best.
Redgrave Bros.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Civil Engineering and Surveying
P. F. JOHNS
Warwick, Md.
(County Surveyor of Cecil County)
Land surveys in this and adjacent counties promptly attended to and lines accurately defined. 35 years practical experience. Grades, levels and drainage correctly given. Charges moderate.

Alabama PeachTrees
C. R. CLAYTON
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE

Security Trust and SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

CAPITAL	$ 600,000
SURPLUS & PROFITS	775,000
DEPOSITS	2,500,000

The successful conduct of your business depends largely upon your Trust Company connection what service you receive from the Company of your choice—whether it is courteous, obliging and personal. This is the kind of service we render to all our patrons in all our departments. We are sure you will be much pleased and find great advantage in having an account with us.

OFFICERS
Benjamin Nields, President
John S. Rossell, Vice President and Secretary.
L. Scott Townsend, Vice President Treasurer.
Harry J. Ellison, Assistant Sec.
Levi L. Maloney, Assistant Treas.

EACH DESIGN IS PRFTTIER THAN THE LAST ONE

It only remains with you to decide the colors you want. Our carpets and rugs are famous for their beauty, because we buy only the richest patterns, and also take the greatest care to keep in stock only those goods that have proven their durability. Come in and see them. You are bound to be pleased.

J. H. EMERSON
Middletown, : Delaware

HARNESS

Anyone needing Harness would do well to examine my line before buying elsewhere. A full line on hand at all times. Also Collars, Fly Nets, Sheets, Coolers, Lap Spreads, Rope and Web Halters, Rope Traces, Plow Lines, Bandages, Toe Weights and Boots, etc.
Repairing promptly done. Satisfaction guaranteed.

J. E. Denny
W. Main St. Middletown, Del.

Shoe Reparing

I have purchased a new electric machine for finishing my work, which enables me to turn out all work in the shortest possible time, and the finish is far surperior to hand-finished work.

L. FROMKIN
Kates' old stand, East Main St.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

M. BERG
Merchant Tailor

You will make a mistake if you buy that new Spring or Summer Suit before calling on me. Gall and inspect our samples and learn our prices. They will please you.

Men's and Ladies' Suits to order
Sewing
Pressing
and Cleaning

M. BERG, Middletown, Del.

Building Materials

We keep in stock at all times a full supply of Building Material such as Georgia Heart and North Carolina Pine Framing, also Georgia Heart and North Carolina Kiln Dried Flooring, Ceiling and Partition, No. 1. Florida Heart Cypress Shingles and the famous Waccamaw Cedar Shingles, Ruberoid, Galvanite and Paroid Felt Roofing, Galvanized Iron Roofing and Builders' Hardware, Sash, Laths, Doors, Mouldings, Blinds, Bricks, Hair, Lime and Cement.

Hard and Soft Coal under cover, the kind that does not clinker, once tried always satisfied.

Short & Walls Lumber Co.
Middletown, Delaware.

JOS. R. HELDMYER'S
CASH STORE
GROCERIES

Eggs 22 and 25 cents. Sole Agents for Farmers' Creamery Butter, 36 cents. Hubers Famous King-Midas Bread, Chesapeake Baking Co's. Pound, Marble, Fruit and Layer Cake.

Salt and Fresh Meats

Especially fine lot of Spring Lamb. Best Lamb Chops 30c lb. Leg of Lamb 25c lb. Fresh Pork and our own make of Sausage and Scrapple.

Foreign and Domestic Fruits in Season

SAVE YOUR TICKETS, GET 2 PER CENT. OFF.

STORE, BROAD & MAIN STREET
Phone No. 223 MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

CENTER OF WONDER

Results being obtained from use of Neu-Life Disease Preventative and Tonic on Hogs, Poultry and Turkeys, in Kent County, Md.

NEU-LIFE DISINFECTANT

For Flies, Mosquitoes and Vermin
Try this on your dairy cows for flies. It will keep them off.

Sold only by manufacturers direct to consumer.

Neu-Life Food Co.
146 Reade St., New York City, N. Y.
JOHN P. COCHRAN, General Agent
Galena, Kent County, Md.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

For the Toilet

Glenn's Sulphur Soap

To keep the hands white, the head free from dandruff and the complexion clear. It

Beautifies

(All Druggists.)

Contains 30% Pure Sulphur.

Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, Black or Brown, 50c

FATHER'S TURN TO THINK

Daughter's Somewhat Pert Observation Must Have Given Him Something of a Jolt.

"We oldsters set for the yougsters a higher standard than we set for ourselves. Forgetting that you can't make a silk purse out of a sow's ear, the stupidest and ugliest failures of parents expect their sons and daughters to grow up miracles of beauty, intelligence and success."

The speaker was Wilton Lackaye, the occasion the Lambs' Gambol in New York. He continued:

"Sometimes, though, such parents are called sharply to themselves. The jolt is unpleasant.

"A father said to his pretty daughter one evening with a scornful, angry laugh:

"'That young Jamson has the face to want to marry you! A mere bookkeeper!'

"'But, father,' said the girl, 'I love Mr. Jamson. What is your objection to our marriage?'

"'Why,' roared the old man, 'why, he couldn't support you decently.'

"'But, father,' said the girl, 'neither can you.'

Granted.

A sweet-faced old lady walked up Fifth avenue hanging on to the arm of her husband, who was a little bit hard of hearing. A girl brushed past them rudely, bumping into the old lady.

"She didn't even say 'Excuse me,'" she said indignantly to her husband.

"What, my dear?" he inquired mildly.

The old lady repeated her statement in a louder tone. Still the old gentleman did not understand.

"Excuse me," she shrieked above the rush and roar of the automobiles.

"Certainly, my dear," he answered graciously. "But what did you do?"

In Order to Escape.

One day a young man entered a studio to be photographed. In posing he hunched his back, as if it were broken and twisted his face into a dreadful mask.

"Here," said the photographer, "what's the matter with you? Are you crazy?"

"Go on," he said. "Take me just as I am. You see, I'm trying to get out of an engagement with a girl, and I've written her that I've been disfigured in a motor accident, and I want to send her this photo to show how I look."

Nothing but the Truth.

"Mis' Anna," said old Aunt Milly, "dat yaller gal say she ain't never tole a lie. She say she allus tell de truf."

"Well, don't you believe her, Aunt Milly?"

"No ma'am, dat Ah don't! Ah knows dere ain't dat much truf in de world!"

Everybody Praised but Father.

"Poor Tompkins never gets any credit for what he does."

"That's the fate of some men."

"His secretary gets the credit for all the speeches he makes, his wife gets the credit for his manners, and his daughters get the credit for his ability to dance the maxixe."

No Chance for an Argument.

"Waiter, there's a green hair in this soup," said the diner.

"Yes, sir. Yes, sir," replied the waiter. "It's the very latest thing, sir."

No man ever lived long enough to do all the things his wife wanted him to do.

If you would make a tool of a man pick out a dull one.

Keep Cool and Comfortable

Don't spend so much of your time cooking during hot weather; and your family will be healthier without the heavy cooked foods.

Give them

Post Toasties

They're light and easily digested and yet nourishing and satisfying. No bother in preparation—just pour from the package and add cream and sugar—or they're mighty good with fresh berries or fruit.

"The Memory Lingers"

The DAIRY

DAIRY COW REQUIRES REST

Animal Is Enabled Not Only to Do Her Best While Being Milked, But Yields Greater Returns.

(By M. COVERDELL.)

Most farmers seem to breed the cow with no concern as to her resourcefulness or enduring qualities. She is bred at an early age; bred again just as soon as possible after her first calving; held right to her milk as nearly as possible to her next calving time and handled thus until she is worn out and no longer useful.

With such management her unborn calf will have much of its sustenance taken from it, on account of the nourishment going toward keeping up the cow, which results in a weakened offspring and gradually wields a most deteriorating effect on the grade of the herd in general, since each succeeding calf will be still more undesirable than the one before it.

We have seen cows whose nature rebelled against such treatment and invariably these animals positively refused to come in sufficient heat to be gotten with calf. This shows conclusively that the cow requires and deserves a short period of rest from her labors every season.

Splendid Milk Type.

We aim to give the cow about a three or four months' rest out of every season, feeding and caring for her with a view to intensive dairying the remainder of the year. This not only enables the cow to do her best while being milked, but yields us greater returns for the time and labor expended in handling her and her dairy products.

Of course the same rule will not apply to each individual member of the herd as some can be dried up with very little effort while some will milk right up to the time they drop their calf.

In either case we discontinue feeding those rations which are conducive to a profuse milk flow for from two to four months before calving time, and so far, we have always been successful in drying up any cow in time to allow her a good rest before it was necessary to begin milking her again.

TWO GREAT DAIRY PROBLEMS

Success of Dairyman Depends on His Ability to Cope With Labor and Feeding Questions.

The dairy farmer has two great problems confronting him at all times; namely, the labor and the feeding problems. His success depends largely on his ability to cope with them, and especially with the feeding problem. His cows are, in a measure, machines through which raw materials pass and are turned out as finished products, the quality of which are determined by the individual cow. If the raw material is not "balanced" the result may be fat on the cow's back instead of milk in the pail; it may mean flesh from the cow's body to make milk, or a waste of material altogether. If not supplied in sufficient quantities the machine discontinues its work and the cow goes dry.

Far too many dairymen work on the assumption that if their cows are fed all they will eat or clean up nicely of feeds affording variety they are doing their best. The question of feed composition should receive more thought. A man may easily feed unbalanced rations that will waste enough material for which he has to pay high prices to make his business unprofitable, even under otherwise favorable conditions.

Size of Silo.

The silo must not be too large. The size should always be determined by the number of cattle or sheep to be fed. As silage is a moist feed that soon decays when exposed to the air, it must be taken off systematically from the top. At least two inches should be removed daily, hence the silo should not be built out of proportion to the number of animals to be fed.

Cow Test Association.

The cow test association will not make the milk your cows are giving any richer, but it will make the amount of butter fat you gather from day to day greater if you follow the advice it gives you.

Calf for Dairy Herd.

The calf that is reared for a place in the dairy herd should possess all necessary qualifications for such an important place.

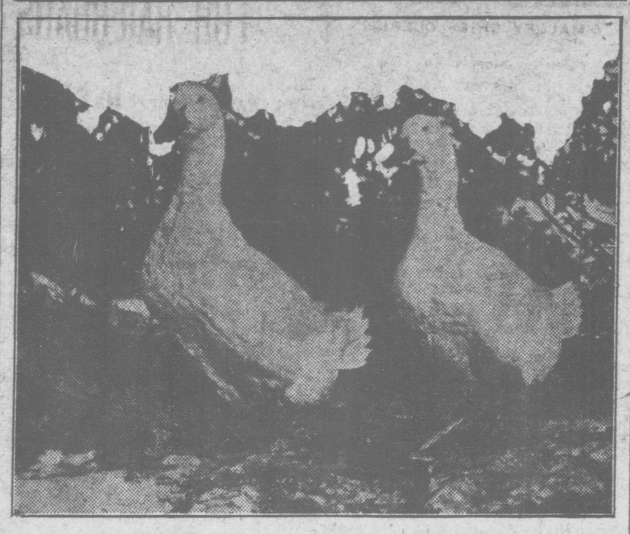
Keep Only Best Cows.

It is the average cow that spoils the dairy industry. She is the one that cuts down the profits. Keep only the best.

Clean Udder Before Milking.

The cow's udder should be carefully cleaned before milking.

GEESE ARE HARDY AND EASY TO RAISE



African Geese.

Geese must have freedom to thrive well.

Pure breeds are always to be preferred to crosses.

For best results, all changes in mating should be made in the fall.

Geese are usually hardy and subject to no particular disease.

Keep the stock gentle and tame, and they will turn in more profit.

Two or three year old geese are more profitable than yearlings.

A mating can be continued for seven or eight years without a change.

If the geese have confidence in the feeder they will be very friendly with him.

From 10 to 20 eggs are laid before a goose shows a disposition to sit.

Shelter should be provided where the geese may go during inclement weather, and especially at night.

In handling geese they should always be taken by the neck, and when lifted from the ground the body should be turned with back toward the person handling it. In that position it cannot strike, and will remain quiet and docile. The body can be partly supported by seizing the first joint of the wing with one hand. If the goose is held facing one, it will strike hard blows with its wings, or scratch with its feet.

KEEP CHICKS GROWING FAST

Summer Fowls Must Have Extra Care in Keeping Feeding Board and Water Pan Clean.

The old notion that chicks must be all out of the way by July has been largely driven out—partly by the incubator, which is willing to work at all seasons; partly by the poultry raiser, who finds that there is less feed to buy when the bugs and worms are most plentiful.

As we have learned better how to raise the flock and keep them growing fast, the old problem of having pullets ready to lay in fall is more easily approximated, even though the chicks do not emerge from the shell during a snowstorm.

Summer chicks must have a little extra care in keeping the feeding board and drinking fountain clean; they must also have plenty of shade; but in several ways they can better care for themselves than during the spring months.

If they are liberally fed morning and night after they get nicely feathered out they are ready to hunt up the numerous seeds of early autumn grasses which do no good to the farmer, but rather the reverse, though they put plenty of flesh and muscle into the chick.

Crowd them with as much pains as if they were early, and the extra waste grain and insects will help them along amazingly.

You will have little wet weather with which to contend.

Even if they are not quite ready to commence laying in November, they will be among the best workers in the flock during spring and the lessened cost of production will offset the winter eggs that may be lacking.

Let them run in the orchard when little, and give them plenty of fresh water, and they will thrive.

Roost for Turkeys.

Turkeys prefer to roost out of doors. This is not always practicable, but where such an arrangement is possible the roosting place should be made very open. The birds will do much better and will be far more contented if they can roose in fresh air. They take care of themselves in the woods in their wild state, and it should be remembered that they resist temperature changes better than chickens.

Onion and Fish Flavor.

Onions and much fish fed to fowls will taste in the yolk. Hens that lay the largest number of eggs require much food and water. You can scarcely feed such a hen too much. So look out for this kind and favor her a little.

Onions for Chickens.

Some farmers demand upon the table—at least once a week—a good old onion stew—to keep them healthy. The chickens will be all the better for just the same every week.

GREEN FEED IS NECESSARY FOR POULTRY

Good Flock of Plymouth Rocks.

(By L. E. CHAPIN.)

I regard green feed as absolutely necessary to the welfare of poultry, old and young. Where fowls are kept confined it must be supplied to them, and where they have full liberty it may be fed to them with profit during the months when vegetation is somewhat burned by the heat.

Throw out a lot of fresh lettuce leaves where the hens can get it, and they will eat it up clean. Cabbage stumps thrown out to the hens will be picked clean, even where the hens run at large.

Those who must keep their hens confined will find that a small plot of rape will furnish a large quantity of green feed during the summer.

It will be large enough to begin cutting in five or six weeks and as soon as it is cut off will throw up new shoots, thus renewing itself constantly, so the same ground may be cut over time after time.

Lettuce or dandelions make a very good green feed for laying hens or growing chicks. There seems to be some medicinal property about both these vegetables which promotes good health in the fowls.

Both are easily grown and furnish a good supply of feed if the tops are cut off instead of pulling the plants out by the roots when gathering the feed.

Turnips and beet tops, mustard, pea vines and all other tender green stuff will be relished, and save much feed of a more costly kind.

GIVE CHICKENS SOUR MILK

Excellent Ration to Keep Fowls Growing and Insure Their Being in Condition for Market.

(By A. C. SMITH, Minnesota Experiment Station.)

Sour milk is utilized in one of the best possible ways by feeding it to chickens. Those who think they get greater returns by feeding it to hogs should remember that the flesh of chickens brings at least twice as much on the market as that of hogs.

Milk and corn are both liked by chickens, and a proper mixture of the two makes one of the best and most appetizing rations for the season when the days are warm and the nights cool. For the best results, the corn should be cracked and soaked several hours in either sweet or sour skim-milk or buttermilk. The corn may be put in pails in the morning and the milk poured on until the top of the corn is submerged two or three inches. When this has been absorbed, more should be added at intervals during the day, and the mixture will be excellent for feeding by night.

A liberal supply of this mixture will keep the chickens growing rapidly and insure their being constantly plump and in excellent condition for the market. Try it once, and the fowls will tell you whether or not they like it. Try it two weeks or a month, and they will show you whether or not it is a good and economical feed.

Treating Scaly Legs.

Where fowls have rough scales on their legs give the legs and feet to the extreme end of the toes a good rubbing in with coal oil, but don't make them bleed. After this rubbing in then rub next day with vaseline, and keep this up every day until you find the scales showing up smoothly in place and as clear in color as they should be.

Fattening Geese.

Geese can be fattened on any kind of grain if fed all they will eat, commencing about ten days before desiring to market.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

[By E. O. SELLERS, Director of Evening Department, The Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

LESSON FOR JULY 19

BLIND BARTIMAEUS.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 10:46-52.

GOLDEN TEXT—"Then the eyes of the blind shall be opened, and the ears of the deaf shall be unstopped. Then shall the lame man leap as an hart, and the tongue of the dumb shall sing; for in the wilderness shall waters break out, and streams in the desert." Isa. 35:5, 6.

On our Lord's journey "towards Jerusalem," the place of sacrifice, a place of power was sought by his disciples, Mark 10:37. This lesson is an illustration given to those who accompanied Jesus how they too may reach a place of power, viz., through service and sacrifice.

Matthew 20:30-34 tells us that there were two who made the appeal, but Mark seems to have thought that Bartimaeus was worthy of special mention. The healing mentioned by Luke 18:35 suggests that in that case it occurred as Jesus was entering and not leaving Jericho. Mark is telling of one man, Luke of another.

Mar's Nature.

I. Bartimaeus Begging, vv 46-48. The passing throng rebuked the beggar. Very likely the disciples joined in this rebuke. This certainly shows the fact that none of them fully comprehended the Lord's teaching as suggested in Mark 10:45. Bartimaeus is an illustration of man by nature. His home, Jericho, was the city under "a curse" (Josh 6:17), and is a type of this world cursed by sin. He was blind, see II Cor. 4:4; Rev. 3:17. His rags suggest Isa. 64:6 and Phil. 3:9. If the rebuke was mainly by the disciples it was that they might save the master during these strange days. Great and marvelous were the works and teachings he was performing, but these were the things that called forth such a wayside service. It was a glad message to Bartimaeus, "Jesus of Nazareth passeth by." There was no one else who could help him. Some one had told him of the power of Jesus. Now his opportunity is at hand, he must not miss it. Jesus never passed that way again. Bartimaeus began by crying out, Rom. 10:13; he called while Christ was near enough to hear, Isa. 55:6. His cry was that of conscious need, it was direct, it was insistent. He called Jesus "Son of David" e. g., the Messiah, although the people had said "Jesus of Nazareth," see Matt. 9:27; 15:21, 22. His cry for "mercy" is rebuked. Many today are so stiff and formal as to frown upon any religious enthusiasm or earnestness. It was not beneath the dignity of Jesus to be disturbed by a blind beggar. Though poor in purse Bartimaeus was rich in faith for he answered those who rebuked him by crying "the more a great deal." He would not be put off.

II. Bartimaeus Blessed, vv. 49-52. His command "call ye him" is indicative of the conscious power of Christ. Notice his great interest as suggested by the words, "Jesus stood still." Remember his important mission to Jerusalem and the leaders of the people who occupied his time; yet he does not compel Bartimaeus to follow after, nor to overtake him ere his prayer is answered, see Matt. 11:28. This was good news for the disciples to proclaim, Matt. 28:19,20. There was no indecision on the part of Bartimaeus. Casting his garment aside he sprang up, came and cast himself at the feet of Jesus. Although Jesus possessed all power still its manifestation was confined to the desire of the beggar. We have no suggestion of any further controversy after the command to call Bartimaeus. No further objections or speculations are raised. He simply "came to Jesus." The garment he threw aside would have impeded his progress, Isa. 53:7; 64:6; Heb. 12:2. Before the cry has been for mercy, now it is for sight. This he received in response to his faith, "Thy faith hath saved thee" R. V. Notice he is saved (v. 52) "made whole," before he received his sight. Society will be saved only as individuals are first "made whole." Our Lord's response was to the cry of need and the acknowledgment of his Messianic office.

The Teaching: First, the readiness of God's mercy. Jesus had been rejected by rulers and councils and is moving "steadfastly" toward the consummation of his earthly career. That journey led him through Jericho, perhaps that he might meet Bartimaeus. At Jerusalem he is to pronounce sentence upon the rebellion of his people. Nevertheless when one of that same people called him by the title that suggested his Messiahship. "Son of David," he immediately turned aside in response thereto, Heb. 3:2. God never destroys the righteous with the wicked or the repentant with the rebellious. His ear is ever open to the faintest cry.

Second. The failure of men to apprehend this fact. There are many today as successors of those who rebuked Bartimaeus. Some who hold him in reverence and yet fail to apprehend adequately that he came to "seek and to save the lost." There is no consideration of policy or of expediency, no question of method, nor the importance of rank, that can stand in the way of opening blind eyes, and answering the cry of the beggar.

Third. The nature of saving faith. The answer of relief from the Lord comes in response to the profound conviction of personal need. "He came not to call the righteous but sinners to repentance." There is nothing in that call to make any definite appeal to the righteous. A blind man, through someone's testimony hears that he is near and cries out to him from the depths of his need. But there must be also a recognition of power. Bartimaeus had no assurance until he had made his appeal; he took a chance as it were. He was not assured until his eyes were opened.

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An Announcement

Wilmington, Del., June 24th, 1913

I beg to announce that I have opened an office at 807 Shipley St., to conduct a General Real Estate, Mortgage and Fire Insurance Business. Formerly with W. E. Powell, 839 Market.

William E. Lee

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ODESSA

Mrs. Oka Wallace is the guest of relatives in Wilmington this week.

Miss Emily Webb is the guest of relatives in Philadelphia this week.

Miss Emma Eccles spent part of last week with relatives in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Lizzie Brothers had as her guest last week Mr. and Mrs. Cann, of Baltimore.

Miss Elsie Dulin has returned home after a visit with relatives in Kennett Square, Pa.

Mr. Thomas Bishop, of Wilmington, has been spending a few days with relatives here.

Mrs. Julia Douglas, of Middletown, was the guest of Mrs. Harry Ward on Thursday last week.

Miss Ruth Reynolds, of Blackbird, is the guest of her cousin Miss Dorothy Reynolds this week.

Mrs. William Skelenger, of Wilmington, spent last week with her sister Mrs. William Eccles.

Miss Alice McCoy, of Cambridge, Md., was a recent visitor with her parents Mr. and Mrs. John McCoy.

Mrs. Loney Slaycum and son, of Cambridge, Md., visited her sister Mrs. William McCoy part of last week.

Little Helen Muehberger has been spending a few days with her sister Mrs. George Douglas in Middletown.

Mr. Richard Dulin wife and children, of Kingston, N. Y., are spending some time with his brother Mr. Walter Dulin.

A Prayer meeting service will be held on the Base Ball ground, Sunday evening next, at 6.30, if weather is favorable and in case of storm, will be held in the M. E. Church, in charge of the Pastor Rev. H. C. Shipley.

CECILTON

Mr. and Mrs. R. Y. Weed have been visiting relatives in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Prickron Smith and son Julian were Wilmington visitors last week.

Miss Arrie McCoy has been visiting her sister Mrs. Edna Smith in Trenton, N. J.

Mrs. Lizzie Reed spent several days last week with relatives of near Earleville.

Mr. Alvin Shaw was a Baltimore visitor on Monday an Tuesday of this week.

Mrs. John Benson, of Philadelphia, is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Jones.

Miss Gertrude E. Hoover and Mrs. J. R. Smith were Middletown visitor recently.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Parson, of Philadelphia, visited Mr. and Mrs. A. Burke recently.

Misses Miriam and Isabel Griffith are visiting their brother Mr. Owen Griffith in Butler, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Vinsinger, of Elkton, were the guest of Miss Mollie McCoy on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Allen, of Middletown, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. William Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Boulden visited and Mrs. Thomas Boulden, of near ville, on Sunday.

Miss Mary A. Clark has been attending the State Teachers Association meeting at Ocean City.

Mrs. Henry Minner and son Charles of Millington, Md., visited Mr. and Mrs. Charles Robinson recently.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Shockley and daughter, of Townsend, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Watts.

Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, Miss Mary and Mr. Rufus Palmer, of Philadelphia, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Taylor.

PORT PENN

About 3500 people visited Augustine Beach on Sunday.

Charles Hickman spent Sunday with friends in Camden, N. J.

Mrs. Mary Jones has returned home after a weeks visit with friends here.

Mrs. W. A. Eaton, of Felton, visited her mother Mrs. A. Eaton part of last week.

Miss Beatrice Hickman is entertaining her cousin Miss Elizabeth McConnell, of Wilmington.

Miss Viola Bendler has gone for a two weeks visit with Mrs. Frank Torbert in Camden, N. J.

Mrs. McCoy Yearsley is entertaining her mother Mrs. Alfred Minner, of Harrington.

Miss Nina Castelow has returned to Warwick, Md., after a pleasant visit with E. E. Bendler and family here.

Miss Mary McDonald has returned to her home in Camden, N. J., after a week's visit with Miss Beatrice Hickman.

Mrs. Clara Hale and brother Clayton Johnson, visited their brother Herbert Johnson who is ill at his home at Riverside, N. J.

The boys showed the results of practice on Saturday when they defeated the team at Porters by a score 19 to 2. The have been playing with some of the best teams of the state and have played some close games.

Mr. and Mrs. William Cope have returned from their wedding tour through Canada, Niagara Falls, and other interesting points. On Saturday evening the young folks of the town surprised them with a serenade, but were hospitably received, and treated to ice cream, cake and lemonade. After spending the evening with music and games the guests departed wishing Mr. and Mrs. Cope many happy days.

TOWNSEND

Mrs. William Joiner spent Tuesday in Philadelphia.

Mary Lynam, of Smyrna, is the guest of Helen Reynolds.

Heston Atwell, of Wilmington, spent Sunday with Ed. Reynolds.

Miss Lillian West visited Mrs. Ethel Poore, of Clayton, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Donovan are entertaining his mother from Selbyville, Md.

John Ellis spent Tuesday and Wednesday with Capt. Wiggin and family.

Dan Jones and wife spent Sunday with John Carpenter, near Middletown.

Mrs. William Reynolds is visiting her daughter Mrs. James Money, of Mt. Pleasant.

Mrs. Gilbert Hayden and children are spending a week with relatives in Wilmington.

Prof. William Hutchison, of Carlyle, spent Saturday and Sunday with D. P. Hutchison.

Enock Lurty and family, near Clayton, spent Sunday with his parents M. Lurty and wife.

Mrs. Samuel Townsend and niece Eleanor Scott, are visiting John Townsend and family.

Mr. Thomas Maloney is visiting his daughter Dr. Jacobs and family, in Millington, Md.

May Bailey, of Smyrna, is spending sometime with her grandmother Mrs. Samuel Merritt.

Mrs. W. A. Scott and Mrs. L. L. Maloney visited Rueben Warren and wife, in Delaware City, Tuesday.

Mrs. Mary E. Money has returned home after spending a week with Mrs. Elizabeth Voshell, in Smyrna.

Miss Anna G. VanDyke returned home Tuesday after spending several days with Lillian Wright, in Brenford.

Maud Bramble is spending several weeks with her uncle and aunt Frank Lattomus and family, near Montchanin.

Andrew C. P. Reynolds, of Golts, several days the past week with his parents William P. Reynolds and wife;

G. Lloyd Knotts and wife, Lester Hopkins and wife, of Wilmington, visited the former's parents George Knotts and wife last week.

Mrs. Caddie Ginn, Mrs. John Lattomus, Mrs. William Reynolds, and W. H. Reynolds and family, spent Tuesday with James Money near Mt. Pleasant.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellison and daughter Dorothy, Mr. Ellison, of Wilmington, Harvey Records and family, were guests at the home of L. L. Maloney Saturday and Sunday.

WARWICK

Miss Eula Vinyard is sojourning in Olney, Pa.

Mrs. Kate Lynch visited friends in Middletown this week.

Mr. E. O. Spear, of Cecilton, was a visitor in town on Wednesday.

Judge R. B. Merritt was an Elkton visitor Tuesday and Wednesday.

Preaching Sunday evening at usual hour. Christian Endeavor at 7 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Holden, of Bristol, spent several days last week with Mrs. John Holden.

Mr. and Mrs. Urie Ginn and children, of Mt. Pleasant, spent with Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Merritt.

Several from here spent last Thursday crabbing along the Sassafras. Quite a number of fine crabs being caught.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Everitt and daughter, of Baltimore, are visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Jones.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. H. Price and sons Leland and Hazel, and Mrs. S. E. Gunkel and George Hill spent Wednesday in Elkton.

Mrs. Josephine Wilson and Mrs. R. D. Aiken, of near Chesapeake City, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Merritt on Wednesday last.

Mr. J. H. Vinyard returned home on Monday after a weeks' stay with his parents Mr. and Mrs. William Vinyard. Mr. Vinyard accompanied him home.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING

Mrs. Maggie A. Gruwell, a prominent farmer living near Sandtown, was struck by lightning on Monday evening about 6 o'clock while she was looking after her poultry. A boy and girl aged 9 and 12 years respectively, who were with her, were also stricken, the little girl so severely that it took some time to bring her back to consciousness. The little boy, after recovering from the shock, ran toward the house calling for his mother. The father, who was sitting on a back porch, became alarmed and started with the son toward the poultry yard, where he found the mother dead under a cherry tree and the daughtar lying in an unconscious condition. A doctor was summoned, and after he had worked hard for several hours, the girl was restored to consciousness.

The storm was unusually severe in that locality, several old landmarks, maples and oaks, being ripped by the lightning. On the Gruwell farm four trees were struck.

Dover Man Commits Suicide

Arising as usual about 5 o'clock Wednesday morning and supposed by his family to be doing chores arouud the house, Henry M. Dager, a well known farmer of near Moore's Mill, just south of Dover, was found dead standing in an upright position under the mill gates at Moore's Mill, near his home, about 7.30 o'clock. Evidently desiring to make death sure before entering the water, Mr. Dager drank the contents of a bottle of carbolic acid, which was found floating on the water with his hat near the mill gates. Why Mr. Dager took his life is a mystery to the family and his friends. An inward affliction, however, had made him melancholy for several days. Mr. Dager was 64 years of age. He leaves a wife and two sons.

Our Summer Sale

is on, we must unload the Light Weight in every Department.

¼ Off Men's Mixed Suits
¼ Off Boy's Mixed Suits
¼ Off Men's Mixed Trousers
¼ Off Boy's Mixed Trousers
½ Price for Straw Hats
10 per cent. Off Custom Tailoring.

We are through Stock Taking and have Big Bargains for Everybody in Every Department.

$10 Suits, Now $7.50.
$12 Suits, Now $9.00.
$15 Suits, Now $11.25.
$20 Suits, Now $15.00

The Biggest Stock we ever had at this time of the year. Every size for Men and Boys Young Men and Little Boys. Come at once and get the best.

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Unsurpassed for cleaning and dusting Furniture of all kinds, Automobiles, Carriages, and hard-wood floors.

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die of bowel trouble more than any other cause. It is estimated that of every 1000 chicks hatched each year less than 400 reach marketable size. Germozone users raise, usually, 90% of chicks hatched. Germozone keeps the bowels regular. It prevents diarrhoea from overdrinking of water; from eating musty or spoiled food, etc. It should be given in drinking water twice a week from the day they are hatched. It stops the loss. Every chick that dies cuts badly into the profit from the rest. Every chick saved will pay the cost of a bottle of Germozone

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For sale by Wm. E. Lee only. Owing to death of the owner, a farm 37 acres on State Road, 15 minutes' walk from Armstrong Station, seven-room house, barn, corn crib, poultry house, all nearly new. Including all the growing crops, four acres tomatoes, five acres in potatoes, five acres in corn, young orchard of 75 trees. Possession at once.

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Notice-Dividend!

THE PEOPLES' NATIONAL BANK OF MIDDLETOWN.

Middletown, Del., June 27th, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of THREE and ONE-HALF (3 1-2) PER CENT, for the last six months, payable on and after July 1st, 1914.

JAS. D. DAVIS, Jr., Cashier.

Notice-Dividend !

CITIZEN'S NATIONAL BANK
Middletown, Delaware, June 30, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT, clear of Taxes, payable to the Stockholders on and after July 15th, 1914.

JOHN S. CROUCH, Cashier.

Notice-Dividend!

NEW CASTLE COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF ODESSA, July 1st, 1914.

The Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of Three and one half per cent clear of taxes, payable on and after the 8th inst.

JOS. G. BROWN, Cashier.

For Register of Wills

NEW CASTLE COUNTY

Isaac R. Brown

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THE CHOOSING IS GOOD IN OUR STORE. COME NOW AND BUY ALL THE WHOLE FAMILY NEEDS. REMEMBER: WE ALWAYS GIVE BIG VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

NEW PRICE IN MENS AND YOUNG MENS CLOTHING INCLUDING BLUE SERGE SUITS. ALL $15.00 SUITS NOW $11.50 ALL $10.00 SUITS NOW $7.75. ALL $3.00 AND $2.00 STRAW HATS $1.00.

J. B. MESSICK

Middletown, Del.

A grain of sand and a mile of beach

Such a little thing is a grain of sand, but it is the little things which bulk big.

Such a little thing seems the lifting of the telephone receiver, but the summing up of the daily talk over Bell wires reveals 26,000,000 calls—each of which requires piloting by one young woman and perhaps by several.

Observations of the following "scientific" rules of telephone usage will add grains of comfort to the day's work—yours and the operator's:

(1) Always look up the number in the directory.
(2) Separate the figures, as "six-seven-oh-three."
(3) Answer the telephone promptly.
(4) Speak distinctly with the lips close to the mouthpiece.
(5) Rather than "well," or "hello," give your name, as "Smith & Co., Mr. White speaking."
(6) When in doubt, ask for "Information Clerk."
(7) Put a smile in your voice!

When you telephone, smile !

The Diamond State Telephone Company,
E. P. Bardo, District Manager,
601 Shipley Street, Wilmington, Del.

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Burris' Garage

AGENTS FOR THE

Ford and Hupmobile

Call at our garage and see these car, sand learn our prices.

Ford Runabout, - $ 500
Ford Touring Car, - 550
Hupmobiles, electric equip. 1250
Hupmobile, without equip. 1050

Let us give you a demonstration.

Poultry & Live Stock

BOUGHT BY

Echenhofer Headquarters

Middletown, Del.

Our Annual July Clearance Sale

The Sale you have been Waiting for

Thousands of Dollars worth of Surplus stock of wearing apparel for Men, Women and Children will be offered at extraordinary Sale Price at FOGEL & BURSTAN'S Dept. Store.

We have made great price reductions of all our spring and Summer stock, nothing whatever held in reserved. It always has been in the past as well as at present, the policy of this store to carry no merchandise into the next season, hence the reason for these wonderful price reductions. No matter what you need you will find it here at a clearance price for less money than you ever paid before.

Our advice to our Patrons is if you want real bargains, don't say I will wait until next day or next week, but come early before all the best is picked over.

Women's & Misses Hats

$5 00 Hats	$2 50
4 00 Hats	2 00
3 00 Hats	1 50

Suits and Dresses

$15 00 Woolen Suits	$10 00
18 00 Woolen Suits	12 00
12 00 Woolen Suits	8 00
10 00 Serge Dresses	4 50
15 00 Silk Dresses	8 98
5 00 Woolen Skirts	1 98
3 50 Woolen Skirts, all colors	1 50
8 00 Wash Dresses	4 98
7 00 Wash Dresses	3 50
5 00 Wash Dresses	2 50
4 00 Wash Dresses	1 75
6 00 Linen Suits	2 00
6 00 Linen Coats	2 00
6 00 Poplin Coats	2 50

Muslin Underwear

$2 50 White Skirts	$ 98
2 00 White Night Gowns	98
75 White Gowns	50
75 White Corset Covers	49
35 White Corset Covers	25
25 Ladies' Gauze Vests	12 1-2
15 Ladies Gauze Vests	10

Ladies' Waists

$2 00 Waists, 25 styles	$ 98
2 00 White Silk Waists	98
3 50 Crepe Silk Waists	1 98

Special reduction in lace, net and silk waists.

Dry Goods

500 yards 12 1-2c figured lawns	7 12c
1000 yds. 12 1-2c gingham	$ 10
1000 yds. 12 1-2c percale	10
25c ratines	19
5000 yds. lace at 1-2 price.	

Men's, Boy's and Youth's Suits 14 to 19 years

Sample suits, all made with the new patch pockets and well tailored.

$12 00 Youth Suit	$8 50
9 00 Youth Suit	7 50
7 00 Youth Suit	4 50
5 50 Boy's Suits	3 50
6 00 Boy's Serge Suits	4 75
4 50 Boy's Brown Suits	2 75
3 50 Men's Pants	2 75
4 00 Men's Blue Serge Pants	2 85

Men's Furnishings

$1 00 Men's Shirts	$ 69
75 Men's Shirts	50
35 Men's Silk Hose	25
50 Mee's Neckties	25
50 Balbriggan Underwear	35
50 Athletic Underwear	39
1 50 Suit Case, fibre	98
1 00 Suit Cases	75
4 00 Leather Case	2 75
5 00 Leather Case	3 75
3 50 Traveling Bags	2 50
1 75 Traveling Bags	1 25

W. B. Corsets

All our corsets during the sale will be sold 10 per cent. off.

$3 00 Corsets	$2 70
1 50 Corsets	1 35
1 00 Corsets	90

Lady's Leather Hand Bag

100 sample leather bags, prices 50c to $1.50, to be sold at 25c.
1 lb. bottle Peroxide 15c
4 ounce bottle Peroxide 10c

Fogel & Burstan's

Department Store

MIDDLETOWN = DELAWARE

JOS. R. HELDMYER'S CASH STORE GROCERIES

Eggs 22 and 25 cents. Sole Agents for Farmers' Creamery Butter, 36 cents. Hubers Famous King Midas Bread, Chesapeake Baking Co's. Pound, Marble, Fruit and Layer Cake.

Salt and Fresh Meats

Especially fine lot of Spring Lamb. Best Lamb Chops 30c lb. Leg of Lamb 25c lb. Fresh Pork and our own make of Sausage and Scrapple.

Foreign and Domestic Fruits in Season

SAVE YOUR TICKETS, GET 2 PER CENT. OFF.

STORE, BROAD & MAIN STREET

Phone No. 223 MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

FASHION AND GOOD FORM

cannot be better examplified than in a home that is furnished in the best of taste. Have a view to artistic effects and to the prevailing styles. Our warerooms represent the final verdict in up-to-the-minute furniture. Substantial, elegant suits for parlor, bedroom or dinning room. Let us extend to you a helping hand.

W. J. WILSON Middletown, Del.